Planning Committee 11 January 2010

#### DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE STATISTICS

## NATIONAL INDICATOR NI 157 -DETERMINING PLANNING APPLICATIONS

## **November 2009 Performance**

In November 2009 there were 127 planning applications determined, with performance in each category as follows -

50% of major applications were determined within 13 weeks (1 out of 2)

86% of minor applications were determined within 8 weeks (24 out of 28 cases)

87% of other applications were determined within 8 weeks (84 out of 97 cases)

For an explanation of the categories see Appendix I

#### Year Performance - 2009/10

In the financial year 2009/10, up to the end of November, there were 1109 planning applications determined, with performance in each category as follows -

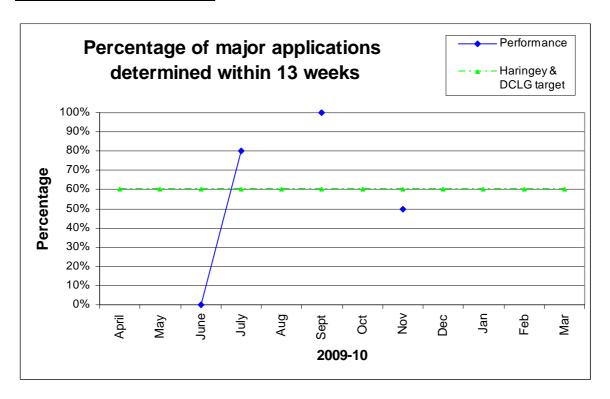
70% of major applications were determined within 13 weeks (7 out of 10)

76% of minor applications were determined within 8 weeks (183 out of 240 cases)

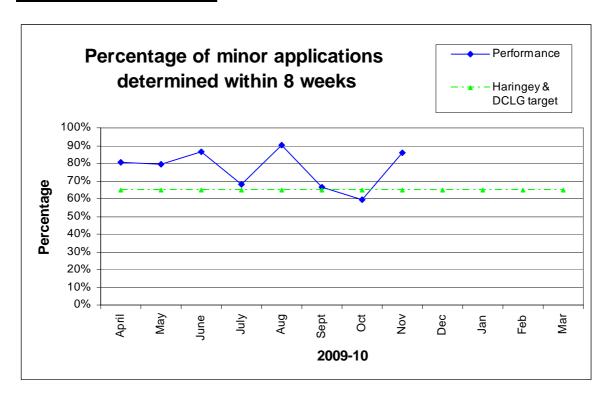
87% of other applications were determined within 8 weeks (745 out of 859 cases)

The monthly performance for each of the categories is shown in the following graphs:

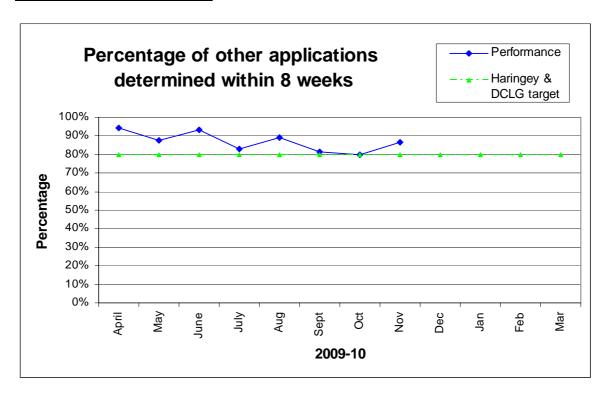
# **Major Applications 2009/10**



# **Minor Applications 2009/10**



## Other applications 2009/10



## <u>Last 12 months performance – December 2008 to November 2009</u>

In the 12 month period December 2008 to November 2009 there were 1653 planning applications determined, with performance in each category as follows -

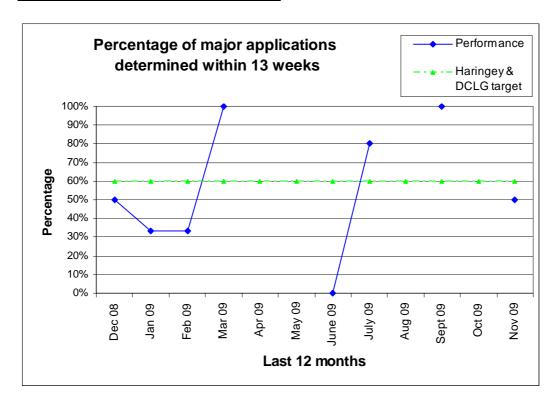
60% of major applications were determined within 13 weeks (12 out of 20)

78% of minor applications were determined within 8 weeks (307 out of 394 cases)

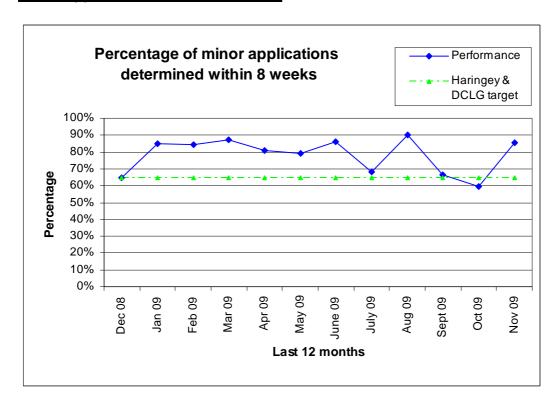
86% of other applications were determined within 8 weeks (1069 out of 1239 cases)

The 12 month performance for each category is shown in the following graphs:

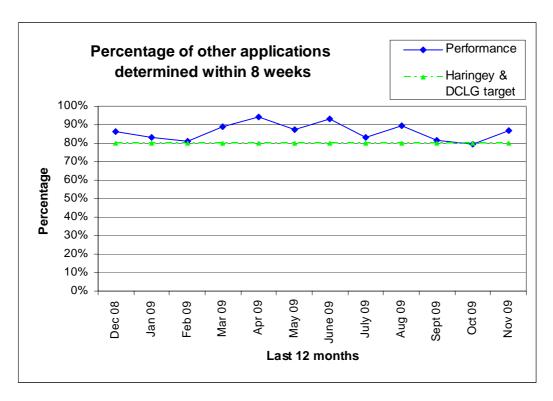
# Major applications - last 12 months



# Minor applications - last 12 months



# Other applications - last 12 months



#### **Background/Targets**

NI 157 (formerly BV 109) is one of the Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG) National Indicators for 2009/10.

It sets the following targets for determining planning applications:

- a. 60% of major applications within 13 weeks
- b. 65% of minor applications within 8 weeks
- c. 80% of other applications within 8 weeks

Haringey has set its own targets for 2009/10 in relation to NI 157. These are set out in Planning & Regeneration (P&R) Business Plan 2009-12 and are to determine:

- a. 60% of major applications within 13 weeks
- b. 65% of minor applications within 8 weeks
- c. 80% of other applications within 8 weeks

## Appendix I

## **Explanation of categories**

The NI 157 indicator covers planning applications included in the DCLG PS1/2 statutory return.

It *excludes* the following types of applications - TPO's, Telecommunications, Reserve Matters and Observations.

The definition for each of the category of applications is as follows:

Major applications -

For dwellings, where the number of dwellings to be constructed is 10 or more For all other uses, where the floorspace to be built is 1,000 sq.m. or more, or where the site area is 1 hectare or more.

Minor application -

Where the development does not meet the requirement for a major application nor the definitions of Change of Use or Householder Development.

Other applications -

All other applications, *excluding* TPO's, Telecommunications, Reserve Matters and Observations.

#### **DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PERFORMANCE STATISTICS**

#### **GRANTED / REFUSAL RATES FOR DECISIONS**

#### **November 2009 Performance**

In November 2009, excluding Certificate of Lawfulness applications, there were 98 applications determined of which:

81% were granted (79 out of 98)

19% were refused (19 out of 98)

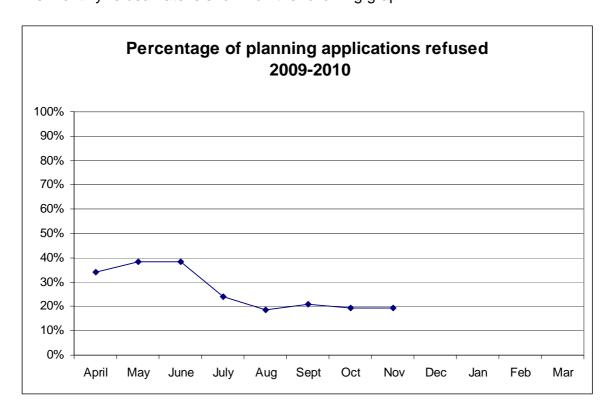
#### Year Performance - 2009/10

In the financial year 2009/10 up to the end of November, excluding Certificate of Lawfulness applications, there were 932 applications determined of which:

74% were granted (687 out of 932)

26% were refused (245 out of 932)

The monthly refusal rate is shown on the following graph:



#### DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE STATISTICS

# LOCAL INDICATOR (FORMERLY BV204) APPEALS AGAINST REFUSAL OF PLANNING PERMISSION

# **November 2009 Performance**

In November 2009 there were 5 planning appeals determined against Haringey's decision to refuse planning permission, with performance being as follows -

20.0% of appeals allowed on refusals (1 out of 5 cases)

80.0% of appeals dismissed on refusals (4 out of 5 cases)

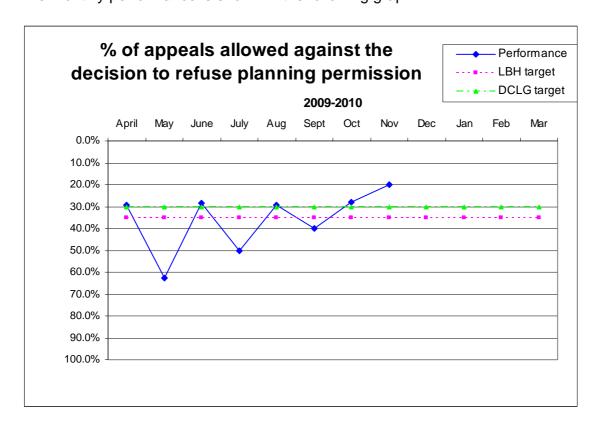
#### Year Performance – 2009/10

In the financial year 2009/10, up to the end of November, there were 83 planning appeals determined against Haringey's decision to refuse planning permission, with performance being as follows -

33.7% of appeals allowed on refusals (28 out of 83 cases)

66.3% of appeals dismissed on refusals (55 out of 83 cases)

The monthly performance is shown in the following graph:



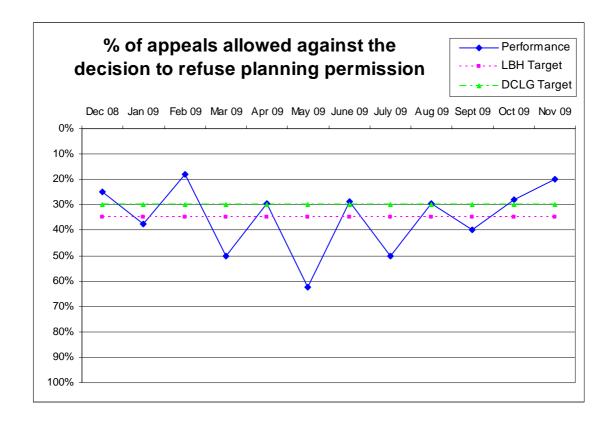
## <u>Last 12 months performance – December 2008 to November 2009</u>

In the 12 month period December 2008 to November 2009 there were 133 planning appeals determined against Haringey's decision to refuse planning permission, with performance being as follows -

32.3% of appeals allowed on refusals (43 out of 133 cases)

67.7% of appeals dismissed on refusals (90 out of 133 cases)

The monthly performance for this period is shown in the following graph:



## **Background/Targets**

This is not included in DCLG's National Indicators for 2009/10. However it has been retained as a local indicator.

It sets a target for the percentage of appeals allowed against the authority's decision to refuse planning permission.

The target that was set by DCLG in 2007/08 was 30%^

Haringey has set its own target for 2009/10 in relation to this local indicator. This is set out in P&R Business Plan 2009-12.

The target set by Haringey for 2009/10 is 35%

(^ The lower the percentage of appeals allowed the better the performance)