

NOTICE OF MEETING

CABINET MEMBER SIGNING

Friday, 6th October, 2023, 9.00 am - Podium, River Park House, 225 High Road, N22 4HQ (watch the live meeting [here](#))

Councillors: Adam Jogee

Quorum: 1

1. FILMING AT MEETINGS

Please note that this meeting may be filmed or recorded by the Council for live or subsequent broadcast via the Council's internet site or by anyone attending the meeting using any communication method. Although we ask members of the public recording, filming or reporting on the meeting not to include the public seating areas, members of the public attending the meeting should be aware that we cannot guarantee that they will not be filmed or recorded by others attending the meeting. Members of the public participating in the meeting (e.g. making deputations, asking questions, making oral protests) should be aware that they are likely to be filmed, recorded or reported on. By entering the meeting room and using the public seating area, you are consenting to being filmed and to the possible use of those images and sound recordings.

The chair of the meeting has the discretion to terminate or suspend filming or recording, if in his or her opinion continuation of the filming, recording or reporting would disrupt or prejudice the proceedings, infringe the rights of any individual or may lead to the breach of a legal obligation by the Council.

2. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

To receive any apologies for absence.

3. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

A member with a disclosable pecuniary interest or a prejudicial interest in a matter who attends a meeting of the authority at which the matter is considered:

- (i) must disclose the interest at the start of the meeting or when the interest becomes apparent, and
- (ii) may not participate in any discussion or vote on the matter and must withdraw from the meeting room.

A member who discloses at a meeting a disclosable pecuniary interest which is not registered in the Register of Members' Interests or the subject of a

pending notification must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest within 28 days of the disclosure.

Disclosable pecuniary interests, personal interests and prejudicial interests are defined at Paragraphs 5-7 and Appendix A of the Members' Code of Conduct

4. URGENT BUSINESS

The Chair will consider the admission of any late items of Urgent Business. (Late items of Urgent Business will be considered under the agenda item where they appear. New items of Urgent Business will be dealt with under agenda item 8).

5. DEPUTATIONS / PETITIONS / PRESENTATIONS / QUESTIONS

To consider any requests received in accordance with Part 4, Section B, paragraph 29 of the Council's constitution.

6. THE EXTENSION OF THE COUNCIL'S BOROUGHWIDE DOG CONTROL PSPO (PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER) (PAGES 1 - 24)

7. APPROVE EXTENSION (AND VARIATION WHERE IT APPLIES) OF THE BOUNDS GREEN, BRUCE GROVE, HARRINGAY, NOEL PARK, NORTHUMBERLAND PARK, SEVEN SISTERS, ST ANNS, TOTTENHAM GREEN, TOTTENHAM HALE, WEST GREEN AND WOODSIDE WARDS ALCOHOL CONTROL PSPO'S (PAGES 25 - 96)

8. NEW ITEMS OF URGENT BUSINESS

As per item 4.

Felicity Foley, Committees Manager
Tel – 020 8489 2919
Fax – 020 8881 5218
Email: felicity.foley@haringey.gov.uk

Fiona Alderman
Head of Legal & Governance (Monitoring Officer)
George Meehan House, 294 High Road, Wood Green, N22 8JZ

Thursday, 28 September 2023

Report for: Cabinet Member Signing

Title: The extension of the Council's Boroughwide Dog Control PSPO (Public Space Protection Order)

Report authorised by : Barry Francis, Director of Environment and Resident Experience

Lead Officer: Eubert Malcolm, Assistant Director, Stronger & Safer Communities (020 8489 5520 eubert.malcolm@haringey.gov.uk)

Ward(s) affected: All

**Report for Key/
Non-Key Decision:** Key

1. Describe the issue under consideration.

- 1.1 The Council's existing borough-wide Public Space Protection Orders (PSPO) for the control of dogs expires on 18 October 2023.
2. On 11th of September 2023 the Lead Member for Community Safety and Cohesion ratified the approval made by the Director of Environment and Resident Experience on the 8th of August 2023 decision to consult on the extension of the existing PSPOs and the purpose of this report is to present the outcome of the consultation and to seek approval for the extension of the PSPO to 30 April 2025.

2. Cabinet Member Introduction

- 2.1 I am happy to bring forward this report to extend the current PSPO for the control of dogs until 30 April 2025. It is important that we use all the tools available to us to ensure our public amenities are clean and safe to use. Many people who have dogs in their care take this responsibility seriously, however, there are some who do not. The Dog Control PSPO provides an opportunity to remind those individuals and educate them about their responsibilities, and if necessary take enforcement action. It is important that we use the time provided by this extension to ensure the PSPO remains effective in tackling the issues that are most important to our community.
- 2.2 As the Cabinet Member for Community Safety and Cohesion, I am supportive of the proposals contained in this report.

3. Recommendations

- 3.1 The Cabinet Member for Community Safety and Cohesion is being asked to;
 - a) Approve the extension of the borough-wide dog control PSPO until 30 April 2025.

4. Reasons for decision

- 4.1 PSPOs are intended to help ensure that the law-abiding majority can safely use and enjoy public spaces. They were introduced by the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 and are intended to deal with a behaviours that are detrimental to the local community's quality of life, by imposing conditions on everyone using the area, subject to limited exemptions.
- 4.2 On 20th October 2017 Haringey replaced its Dog Control Orders with a PSPO, with requirements and prohibitions mirroring the previous conditions. Following an extensive consultation process in 2020 the PSPO was varied and extended to 19 October 2023.
- 4.3 The PSPO may be extended more than once if the local authority is satisfied on reasonable grounds that doing so is necessary to prevent:
 - (a) occurrence or recurrence after that time of the activities identified in the order, or
 - (b) an increase in the frequency or seriousness of those activities after that time.
- 4.4 Residents make reports to the Council through several different Mechanisms. It could be direct to our cleansing contractors Veolia, or through frontline services to the ASB Waste Enforcement, or through an online ASB report to the ASB Enforcement Team
- 4.5 The Council's contractor Veolia is responsible for clearing dog faeces from Haringey streets. Residents made 1041 reports to Veolia requesting the removal of dog faeces from the streets within the borough during the period of August 2021 – July 2022.
- 4.6 During the period of Oct 2020 - July 2023, the Council's frontline services received 108 complaints about dog fouling and 8 of dogs not on a lead. In addition, in the period April 2021 to December 103 ASB reports were made to the Anti-Social Behaviour team for dog related issues, these include dog fouling, dogs out of control and dogs off lead
- 4.7 Initial discussion with the Police, Councillors and other community representatives have indicated that there is an appetite to consider varying and possibly expanding the conditions of the PSPO to address wider community concerns. To enable full, meaningful consultation and co-production of future conditions, the views of the public on extending the current PSPO were sought and 93%, 39 out of 42, of respondents agreed with this approach.
- 4.8 It is expected it will take approximately 12 months to fully investigate the issues that have been raised and undertake full, meaningful consultation and co-production of any future PSPO prohibitions. It is therefore proposed to extend the current PSPO to 30 April 2025.
- 4.9 A Public Spaces Protection Orders (PSPO) sets clear conditions for the use of public areas and enables officers authorised by the Council and Police Officers to engage individuals and educate them about their responsibilities whilst they are responsible for a dog, or dogs, and consider any reasonable excuses or exemptions that may apply to the individuals, and take action, such as issuing a Fixed Penalty Notice (FPN), if appropriate.

- 4.10 This is an important tool for the local authority to ensure that public spaces and amenities are clean and can be used safely.

5. Alternative options considered

- 5.1 Not to extend the PSPO.
If the PSPO conditions were to expire it would be necessary to remove all related signage and it is likely that the issues it was introduced to address will recur.
- 5.2 The expiration of the PSPO would also limit the options for Council and Police officers to take action to address behaviours that have a detrimental effect on the local community.
- 5.3 Allowing the PSPO to expire is not recommended.

6. Background information

- 6.1 The PSPO sets clear conditions for people who have a dog or dogs in their care whilst they are using public areas, subject to limited exemptions. Signs are strategically placed around the area in which the PSPO is effective ensuring those using the public space are aware of their responsibilities.
- 6.2 The conditions of the PSPO are;
- disposing of the waste of any dog that is in their care at the time and have an appropriate way to do this;
 - keeping a dog under control, and on lead no more than 2 meters long, in some areas, such as highways and in cemeteries, or when asked to do so;
 - preventing their dog from entering areas where they are not permitted,, such as children's play areas.
 - Walking no more than 6 dogs at the same time.
- 6.3 The PSPO enables officers authorised by the Council and Police Officers to engage with people and educate them about their responsibilities, consider any reasonable action or exemption, and take action, such as issuing a Fixed Penalty Notice (FPN) if appropriate.
- 6.4 If an individual fails to comply with the request without exemption or reasonable excuse they commit an offence and are liable on summary conviction to a fine of up to £500, or they have the opportunity to discharge their liability for prosecution by accepting a Fixed Penalty Notice of £100.
- 6.5 The following exemptions to the conditions of the PSPO apply to people who:
- Is registered as a blind person.

- Has a disability which affects mobility, physical coordination, ability to use their hands or lift, carry or otherwise move everyday objects.
- Have a registered assistance dog.

6.6 As the current PSPO has been in place for 6 years and there were no changes proposed to the existing conditions or coverage, necessary consultation was undertaken in accordance with section 73(4).

6.7 Consultation was undertaken online with key stakeholders being advised that it was taking place. The consultation asked if the respondent agreed to extending the current control of dogs PSPO for up to 18 months. Respondents were encouraged to explain their responses and to provide any information to help the local authority understand if there were any things that should be considered in the future with equalities considerations in mind.

6.8 There were 42 respondents and 93% (no.39) supported the extension. The comments provided by respondents are largely supportive and are summarised below, the full responses are provided in Appendix A.

- 12 Respondents raised concerns about dog fouling.
- 4 Respondents emphasised the need for enforcement.
- 1 Respondent expressed they did not want to see the PSPO expire.
- 3 Respondents stated the PSPO conditions are reasonable and encourage proper dog care.
- 1 respondent expressed they were not aware of dogs being an issue

6.9 The respondents who did not support the extension did not provide any details for their reasons.

6.10 No issues were raised by respondents in relation to any equalities impact.

6.11 Required consultation was also undertaken with the Metropolitan Police Service and confirmed their support of the extension.

7. Contribution to the Corporate Delivery Plan 2022-2024 High level Strategic outcomes?

7.1 The Dog Control PSPO contributes to the strategic themes of a Safer borough and Place and economy by helping to maintain clean public spaces that are welcome and safe for residents and visitors to enjoy.

8. Carbon and Climate Change

8.1 There are no direct carbon or climate decisions arising from this consultation or the proposed PSPO extension.

9. Statutory Officers comments (Director of Finance (procurement), Head of Legal and Governance, Equalities)

9.1 Finance

This report is for Cabinet to approve the recommendations as set out in para 3 of this report.

The costs associated with manufacturing and installing temporary Dog Control PSPO warning signage are expected to be around £1,000 and will be met through existing budgets

9.2 Procurement

Procurement notes the contents of this report and confirm there are no procurement related matters preventing the Cabinet Member for Community Safety and Cohesion agreeing the recommendations in paragraph 3 above.

9.3 Head of Legal & Governance [Name and title of Officer completing these comments]

Head of Legal & Governance [Michelle Williams)

The Head of Legal and Governance has been consulted in the preparation of this report and comments as follows.

The existing PSPO will be 3 years old on 18 October 2023. It cannot have effect beyond that date because s60 of the Anti-Social Behaviour Crime and Policing Act 2014 (“the Act”) Limits the duration of a PSPO to 3 years unless extended. however, there can be more than one extension.

Section 60(2) of the Act requires the Council to give effect to the extension before the existing PSPO expires. Before extending the Council must be satisfied on reasonable grounds that doing so is necessary to prevent:

- a) occurrence or reoccurrence after that time of the activities identified in the order or
- b) an increase in the frequency or seriousness of those activities after that time

Section 72 (3) of the Act requires the Council to conduct the necessary consultation before extending this PSPO. This means consulting with:

- a) the Chief Officer of police and the local policing body
- b) whatever community representatives the local authority thinks appropriate to consult with
- c) the owner or occupier of land within the restricted area where practicable.

The following principles of consultation **that** were set out in the Supreme Court case of R (on the application of Mosely) v London Borough of Haringey must be followed. First, a consultation has to be at a time when proposals are still at a formative state. Secondly, the proposer has to give sufficient reasons for any proposal to permit intelligent consideration and response. Thirdly, adequate time has to be given for consideration and response, and finally, the product of consultation had to be conscientiously taken into account in finalising any statutory proposal or reaching a decision. The process of consultation has to be effective and looked at as a whole, it has to be fair. The Consultation that was conducted has complied with these legal principles and the Government Code of Practice on Consultation.

The Lead Member must take account of the representations made during the consultation period and the objections received, in deciding whether to extend the PSPO.

9.4 Equality

The council has a Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) under the Equality Act (2010) to have due regard to the need to:

- Eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited under the Act
- Advance equality of opportunity between people who share protected characteristics and people who do not
- Foster good relations between people who share those characteristics and people who do not

The three parts of the duty apply to the following protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy/maternity, race, religion/faith, sex and sexual orientation. Marriage and civil partnership status applies to the first part of the duty.

Although it is not enforced in legislation as a protected characteristic, Haringey Council treats socioeconomic status as a local protected characteristic.

The Dog Control PSPO has been in place for 6 years and no equalities issues have been raised during that time or through the consultation process therefore no further equalities impact assessment is required.

10. Use of Appendices

- Appendix A –Boroughwide Dog Control consultation PSPO Report
- Appendix B - Equality Impact Assessment Screening Tool
- Appendix C –Boroughwide Dog Control PSPO

11. Background papers

Anti-Social Crime & Policing Act 2014 - legislation

<http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2014/12/contents/enacted>

Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014, guidance

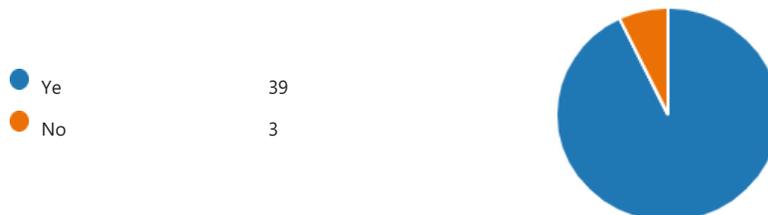
https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/823316/2019-08-05_ASB_Revised_Statutory_Guidance_V2.2.pdf

This page is intentionally left blank

Appendix A

Dog Control PSPO Public Consultation

1. Do you agree with us extending our current control of dogs PSPO for up to 18 months?



2. Please explain your answer to question 1.

Not aware of dogs being an issue
Dog fouling remains an issue so removing the PSPO without any further intervention would be a mistake.
Dog fouling is a big problem
I agree but need to see more enforcement to back it up
Dog fouling is a nuisance especially in the area around Alexandra Palace
Haringey has dirty streets, full of litter and dog mess. We need every tool possible to deal with this, including this PSPO. But we also need much more signage and education to tackle irresponsible dog ownership. The PSPO on its own is insufficient.
It encourages proper treatment of dogs and consideration for others and is easy to get used to
Dogs can be a nuisance if owners are irresponsible
The problem is the owner of the dogs not training the dog properly
I support control of dogs.
there seem to be more dogs not on leads
To keep the area safe and clear of dog mess
I am a dog owner and nothing in the order seems unreasonable.
More needs to be done. Harringay Ladder is constantly covered in dog shit.
Exclusion areas need to be expanded and people should have control of their dogs at all times
There is dog poo everywhere.
The borough must remain protected under the current PSPO until a new one with extra conditions is applied
Yes, but enforcement is needed, and fixed term penalties of £100 are no longer enough. Dog fouling is rife where we are and has got significantly worse in the last 1-2 years.
This seems like an appropriate way to tackle dog fouling in the area
These should be in place to help control public drinking, which is problematic in some areas. But, in my experience, these are not effectively enforced. In Bruce Grove, people frequently drink in the PSPO area, and even sometimes underneath the sign saying that it's a PSPO area, and nothing seems to be done about it.
Lots of dog poo around and see some badly behaved dogs off leads.
Some dogs have been shown to act aggressively towards other dogs. I have seen instances where dogs who were not on leads were attacking other dogs - and the owners were unable to call them back.
Yes. This is important to maintain. Would also like the opportunity to expand ladder wide.
I support the reduction and prevention of crime associated with the commissioning of PSPOs.
It is important for the council and police to have the power to ensure that dog owners are acting responsibly, and if not be able to take action.
Too many uncontrolled dogs not in leads in Bruce Castle Park

There are persistent problems in Haringey with respect to dog fouling, dogs not on leashes, dogs in prohibited areas (playgrounds), etc.. Much more enforcement is needed in this area.

I don't want a gap

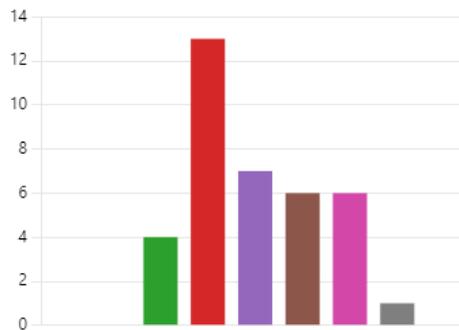
Have been attacked at least twice by dogs even on leads! too many dogs now in parks.

There are several examples witnessed of irresponsible dog owners. Some time ago in Finsbury Park I managed to dive and pick up our small terrier, with only a second to spare, who was about to be attacked by a staffi with studded collar whose owners had let go of its lead and didn't seem to be concerned, in fact threatened me when I tried to engage with them. Also, too much un-picked up dog faeces in Haringay Passage and elsewhere.

Respondent demographics

Age Range

Under 17	0
17-21	0
22-29	4
30-39	13
40-49	7
50-59	6
60-74	6
75+	1
Prefer not to say	0



Gender

Male	10
Female	27
Prefer not to say	0
Other	0



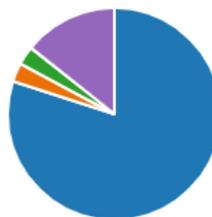
Trans is an umbrella term to describe people whose gender identity is not the same as, or does not sit comfortably with, the sex they were assigned at birth. *Do you consider yourself to be trans?*

Yes	0
No	33
Prefer not to say	0



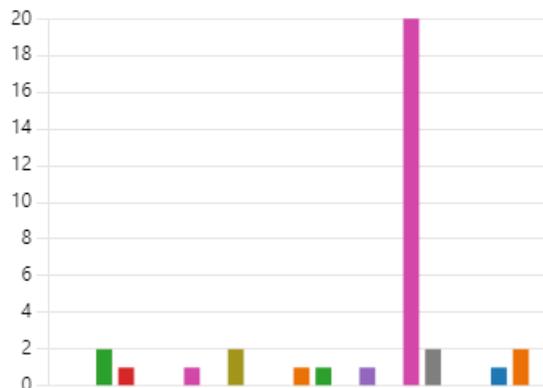
Sexuality

● Heterosexual	28
● Bi	1
● Gay	1
● Lesbian	0
● Prefer not to say	5



Ethnicity

● Asian or Asian British - Banglad ...	0
● Asian or Asian British - Chinese	0
● Asian or Asian British - Indian	2
● Asian or Asian British - Pakistani	1
● Asian or Asian British - Any othe ...	0
● Black, Black British, Caribbean or ...	0
● Black, Black British, Caribbean or ...	1
● Black, Black British, Caribbean or ...	0
● Mixed or multiple ethnic groups ...	2
● Mixed or multiple ethnic groups ...	0
● Mixed or multiple ethnic groups ...	0
● Mixed or multiple ethnic groups ...	1
● Other - Arab	1
● Other - Kurdish	0
● Other - Turkish	1
● Other - Any other ethnic backgr ...	0
● White - English/Welsh/Scottish/ ...	20
● White - Irish	2
● White - Gypsy or Irish Traveller	0
● White - Roma	0
● White - Any other White backgr ...	1
● Prefer not to say	2
● Prefer to self describe (please e ...	0



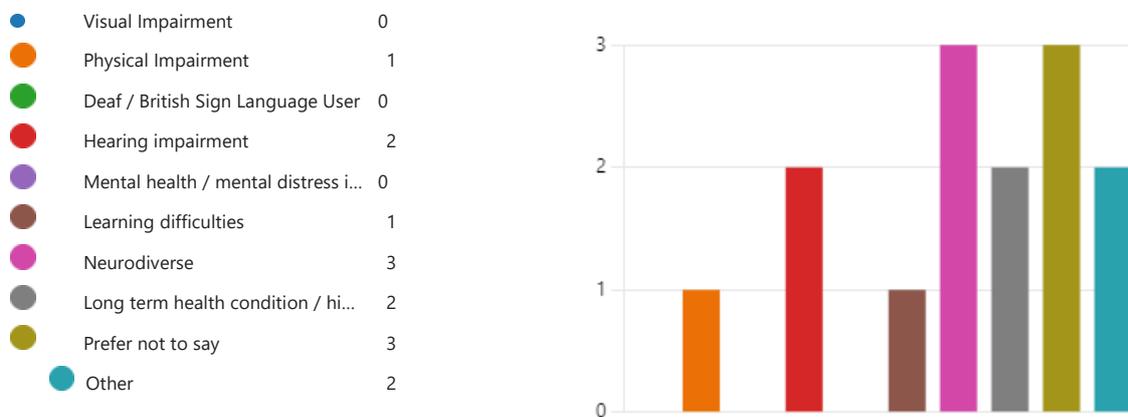
Disability

Under the Equality Act 2010, a person is considered to have a disability if she/he has a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on her/his ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities. *Are you disabled?*

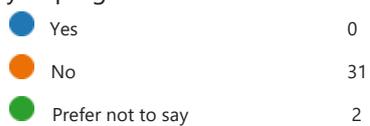


Impairment

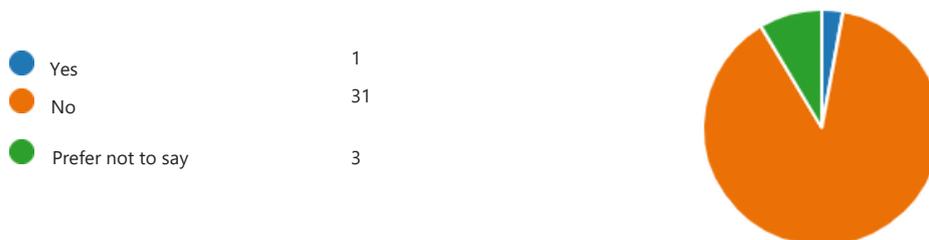
You may tick more than one box.



Are you pregnant?



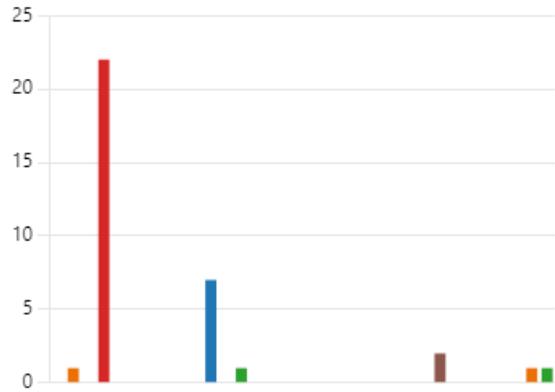
Have you had a baby in the last 12 months?



National Identity

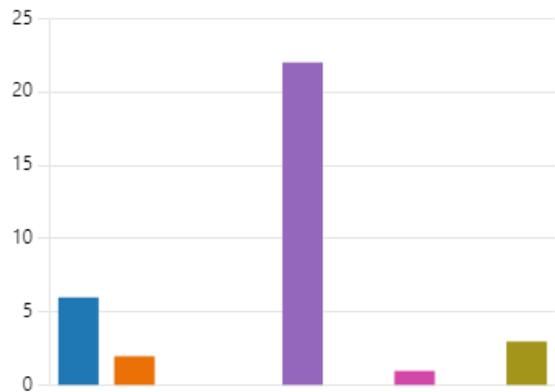
You may tick more than one box.

● German	0
● Ghanaian	0
● Hungarian	0
● Irish	0
● Italian	0
● Indian	0
● Jamaican	0
● Kosovan	0
● Lithuanian	0
● Northern Irish	0
● Polish	0
● Romanian	0
● Scottish	2
● Spanish	0
● Somali	0
● Turkish	0
● United States	0
● Welsh	0
● Prefer not to say	1
● Other	1



Marriage and Civil Partnership

● Single	6
● Co-habiting	2
● Seperated	0
● Widowed	0
● Married	22
● Civil Partnership	0
● Divorced	1
● Widowed	0
● Prefer not to say	3



Religion or belief

- Atheist
- Christian
- Jewish
- Rastafarian
- Buddhist
- Hindu
- Muslim
- Sikh
- No religion
- Prefer not to say

10

9

0

0

0

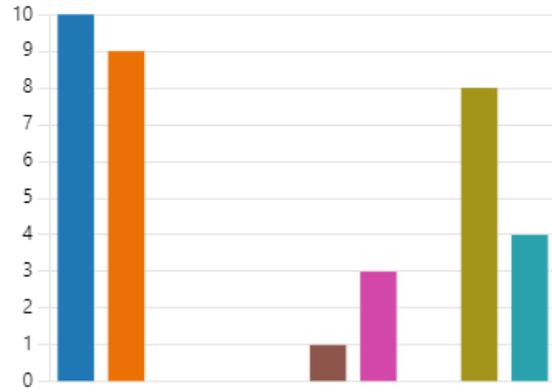
1

3

0

8

4



Equality Impact Assessment Screening Tool

1	Lead officer contact details:	Brian Ellick
2	Date:	25 September 2023
3	Summary of the proposal:	To extend the existing borough-wide Public Spaces Protection Order (PSPO) for the control of dogs.
Response to Screening Questions		Yes No Please explain your answer.

a) Type of proposal

4.	Is this a new proposal or a significant change to a policy or service, including commissioned service?		✓	The proposal is to extend of the existing borough-wide Public Spaces Protection Order for the control of dogs to 30 April 2025.
5.	Does the proposal remove, reduce or alter a service or policy?		✓	The PSPO has been in place since 2017 and were extended in 2020.
6.	Will there be a restructure or significant changes in staffing arrangements? Please see the restructure pages for guidance for restructure EqlAs .		✓	Public consultation has been undertaken, which received 93% support for the extension.
7.	If the service or policy is not changing, have there been any known equality issues or concerns with current provision. For example, cases of discrimination or failure to tackle inequalities in outcomes in the past?		✓	There are no policy or service changes or impact on staffing arrangements. During the time the PSPO has been in place no equality issues or concerns have been raised or through the consultation process.

b) Known inequalities

8.	Could the proposal disproportionately impact on any particular communities, disadvantaged or vulnerable residents?		✓	No group is disproportionately affected by the application of the PSPO, it is intended to have a positive impact by providing a safer environment for all users.
----	--	--	---	--

9.	<p>Is the service targeted towards particular disadvantaged or vulnerable residents?</p> <p><i>This can be a service specifically for a group, such as services for people with Learning Disabilities. It can also be a universal service but has specific measures to tackle inequalities, such as encouraging men to take up substance misuse services.</i></p>		✓	<p>The signage clearly advises people entering the area of the conditions for those who are responsible for a dog or dogs.</p> <p>Everybody must comply with the PSPO if they have a dog in their care unless;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ the landowner or person in charge of the land gives you permission. ▪ you have a reasonable excuse for not complying. ▪ you are exempt because you: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ are registered as a blind person ○ have a disability which affects your mobility, physical coordination, ability to use your hands or ability to lift, carry or otherwise move everyday objects ○ have a registered assistance dog
10.	<p>Are there any known inequalities? For example, particular groups are not currently accessing services that they need or are more likely to suffer inequalities in outcomes, such as health outcomes.</p>		✓	
11	<p>If you have answered yes to at least one question in both sections a) and b), Please complete an EqIA.</p>			<p>A full EqIA, is not required at this time as;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The PSPO has been in place since 2017 and is being extended without change. • No equality issues have been raised during the time the PSPO has been in place, or through the public consultation.

ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR, CRIME & POLICING ACT 2014
S.59-75 PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER
LONDON BOROUGH OF HARINGEY DOG CONTROL

1. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act).
2. This order may be cited as The Public Spaces Protection Order (Haringey Dog Control). It came into force on the 20th October 2017, was extended for three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
3. The Public Space Protection Order (PSPO) covers five areas of dog control:
 - A. Dog fouling of land
 - B. Dogs on leads
 - C. Dogs on leads by direction
 - D. Dogs exclusion
 - E. Dogs (specified maximum)
 - F. Appropriate means **to pick up dog faeces**

A. Dog fouling of land

1. This relates to the offence of fouling of land by dogs. The public health implications of dog fouling are well documented.
2. If a dog defecates at any time on land to which this order applies, and the person who is in charge of the dog at that time fails to remove the faeces from the land forthwith, that person shall be guilty of an offence unless:
 - a. he/she has a reasonable excuse for failing to do so, or
 - b. the owner, occupier, or other person or authority having control of the land has consented (generally or specifically) to his failing to do so;
3. This Order applies to land described in the Schedule A below, being land in the area of the Council
4. For the purpose of this article:
 - a. Placing the faeces in a receptacle on the land which is provided for this purpose, or for the disposal of waste, shall be a sufficient removal from the land;
 - b. Being unaware of the defecation (whether by reason of not being in the vicinity or otherwise), or not having a device for or other suitable means of removing the faeces, shall not be a reasonable excuse for failing to remove the faeces;

Schedule A: Dog fouling of land

Land Designated by Description

1. Any land, which is open to the air, and to which the public are entitled or permitted to have access (with or without payment).
2. Any land which is covered is to be treated as land which is “open to the air” if it is open on at least one side.

B. Dogs on leads

Land Designated by Description

1. Dogs whilst not on a lead and poorly supervised, or startled, have a greater potential to cause road traffic accidents, or to cause injury to pedestrians, dogs and other animals. The restrictions in this Order are designed to facilitate a sharing of our public spaces, whilst recognising that dogs do need to be exercised off lead.
2. A person in charge of a dog shall be guilty of an offence, if at any time, they fail to keep their dog on a lead not longer than 2.0 metres, unless:
 - a. he/she has a reasonable excuse for failing to do so, or
 - b. the owner, occupier, or other person, or other authority having control of the land has given consent (generally or specifically);
3. This part of the Order applies to land described in the Schedule B below being land in the area of the Council.

Schedule B: Dogs on leads

Land Designated by Description

1. A highway, carriageway, cycle land, footway or footpath, maintainable at the public expense, or any grass verge managed by the local authority and which is adjacent to the carriageway or footway of a highway, including gutters and adjoining footpaths;
2. clearly specified and signed areas in the boroughs parks
3. all churchyards and graveyards (but not green burial areas), ornamental gardens
4. all car park areas shopping centres and precincts that are:
 - a. open to the air (which includes land that is covered but open to the air on at least one side) and
 - b. areas to which the public are entitled or permitted to have access (with or without payment), irrespective of ownership
5. all sports grounds, fields, parks, pitches, which are maintained by the local authority and are not subject to “Dog Exclusion”, but only when in use for officiated sporting matches
6. All parks and open green spaces less than half a hectare
7. On all estates and land managed by Homes for Haringey

C. Dogs on leads by direction

1. In parts of the borough where dogs are permitted off leads, a minority of irresponsible dog owners allow their dogs to cause damage to property, and cause problems for pedestrians, other dog owners and other animals. This part of the Order is designed to enable authorised Council Officers or Police Officers to direct that the owner put their dog on a lead.
2. A person in charge of a dog will be guilty of an offence if at any time, on land to which this Part applies, they fail to comply with a direction given them by an authorised officer of the Council or a police officer to put and keep the dog on a lead of not more than 2 metres in length, unless:
 - a. he/she has a reasonable excuse for failing to do so, or
 - b. the owner, occupier, or other person or authority having control of the land, has given consent (generally or specifically)
3. For the purposes of this request an authorised officer of the Council may only direct a person to put and keep a dog on a lead if such restraint is reasonably necessary to prevent either a nuisance, or behaviour by the dog likely to cause annoyance or disturbance to any other person, or the worrying of other animals on designated land to which this order applies.
4. This Part of the Order applies to land described in Schedule C below being land in the area of the Council.

Schedule C: Dogs on leads by direction

Land Designated by Description

1. Any land within the London Borough of Haringey, which is open to the air, and to which the public are entitled or permitted to have access (with or without payment).
2. Any land which is covered is to be treated as land which is “open to the air” if it is open on at least one side.

D. Dogs exclusion

1. There are specific parts of the borough from which dogs should be excluded for their safety and that of pedestrians, and for the public health and aesthetic reasons. This part of the Order states the relatively few places from which dogs will be excluded.
2. A person in charge of a dog will be guilty of an offence if at any time he takes the dog onto, or permits the dog to enter or remain on, any land specified in the Order, unless:
 - a. he/she has a reasonable excuse for failing to do so, or
 - b. the owner, occupier or other person or authority having control of the land, has given consent (generally or specifically)

3. This Part of the Order applies to the land described in Schedule D below being land in the area of the Council.

Schedule D: Dogs exclusion

Land Designated by Description

1. children's play areas (which are clearly signed)
2. multi-use games areas (which are clearly signed)
3. sport and recreational facilities, i.e. ball courts, pitches, pool areas (which are enclosed and clearly signed)
4. sensitive areas, or specific horticultural areas within parks (which are enclosed and clearly signed)

E. Dogs (specified maximum)

1. To control the numbers of dogs being walked by an individual. This can cause problems for other dog walkers and other animals where irresponsible dog owners fail to keep their dogs under proper control and where dog foul is not picked up. This part of the Order seeks to place limits on the number of dogs which may be walked together to enable greater control.
2. A person shall be guilty of an offence if they take on to any land in respect of which this Order applies more than the maximum number of dogs specified in paragraph 3, unless;
 - a. they have a reasonable excuse for failing to do so, or
 - b. the owner, occupier, or other person or authority having control of the land, has given consent (generally or specifically)
3. On land to which this Order applies, the maximum number of dogs which a person may take onto that land is six.
4. This Part of the Order applies to land described in Schedule E below being land in the area of the Council.

Schedule E: Dogs (specified maximum)

Land Designated by Description within the London Borough of Haringey Council

1. Any land within the London Borough of Haringey, which is open to the air, and to which the public are entitled or permitted to have access (with or without payment)
2. Any land which is covered is to be treated as land which is "open to the air" if it is open on at least one side.

F. Means to pick up dog faeces

1. A person in charge of a dog on land to which this Order applies must have with him an appropriate means to pick up dog faeces deposited by that dog unless:
 - a. s/he has reasonable excuse in failing to do so; or
 - b. the owner, occupier or other person having control of the land has consented (generally or specifically) to his failing to do so.
2. The obligation is complied with if, after a request from an authorised officer the person in charge of the dog produces an appropriate means to pick up dog faeces.
3. An “appropriate means” is defined as any poop scoop bag, disposal bag or other suitable container for disposal of dog faeces. For the avoidance of any doubt a trouser or coat or other pocket, handbag, rucksack, purse, sports bag are not appropriate means.
4. Authorised officers may approach dog owners and request them to produce appropriate means of removing dog waste and transporting it to a suitable bin. Dog walkers will be expected to demonstrate that they have bags or other means of clearing up, even if the dog hasn’t defecated at that time. If they cannot they may be issued with a fixed penalty notice of £100 or prosecuted and fined up to £1,000 (*assistance dogs trained by a registered charity where the disability affects the person’s ability to clean up after their dog are exempt*).

SCHEDULE F: Means to pick up dog faeces

Land Designated by Description

1. Any land, which is open to the air, and to which the public are entitled or permitted to have access (with or without payment).
2. Any land which is covered is to be treated as land which is “open to the air” if it is open on at least one side.

General Point

For the purpose of parts, A, B, C and D of this Public Protection Order:

1. Nothing in this Public Space Protection Order applies to a person who:
 - a. is registered as a blind person in a register compiled under section 29 of the National Assistance Act 1948 or
 - b. has a disability which affects his/her mobility, manual dexterity, physical coordination, or ability to lift, carry, or otherwise move everyday objects, in respect of a dog trained by a “prescribed charity” and upon which he relies for assistance;
 - c. each of the following is a “prescribed charity”
 - i) Dogs for the Disabled (registered charity number 700454)
 - ii) Support Dogs (registered charity number 1088281)
 - iii) Canine Partners for Independence (registered charity number 803680)

2. For the purpose of this Ordere, a person who habitually has a dog in his possession shall be taken to be in charge of the dog at any time unless at that time some other person is in charge of the dog.

Offences under the Public Space Protection Order

A person who is guilty of an offence shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

A Fixed Penalty Notice of £100.00 will be issued to offenders, which would discharge any liability to conviction for an offence under Section 67(1) of the Act.

DATED:

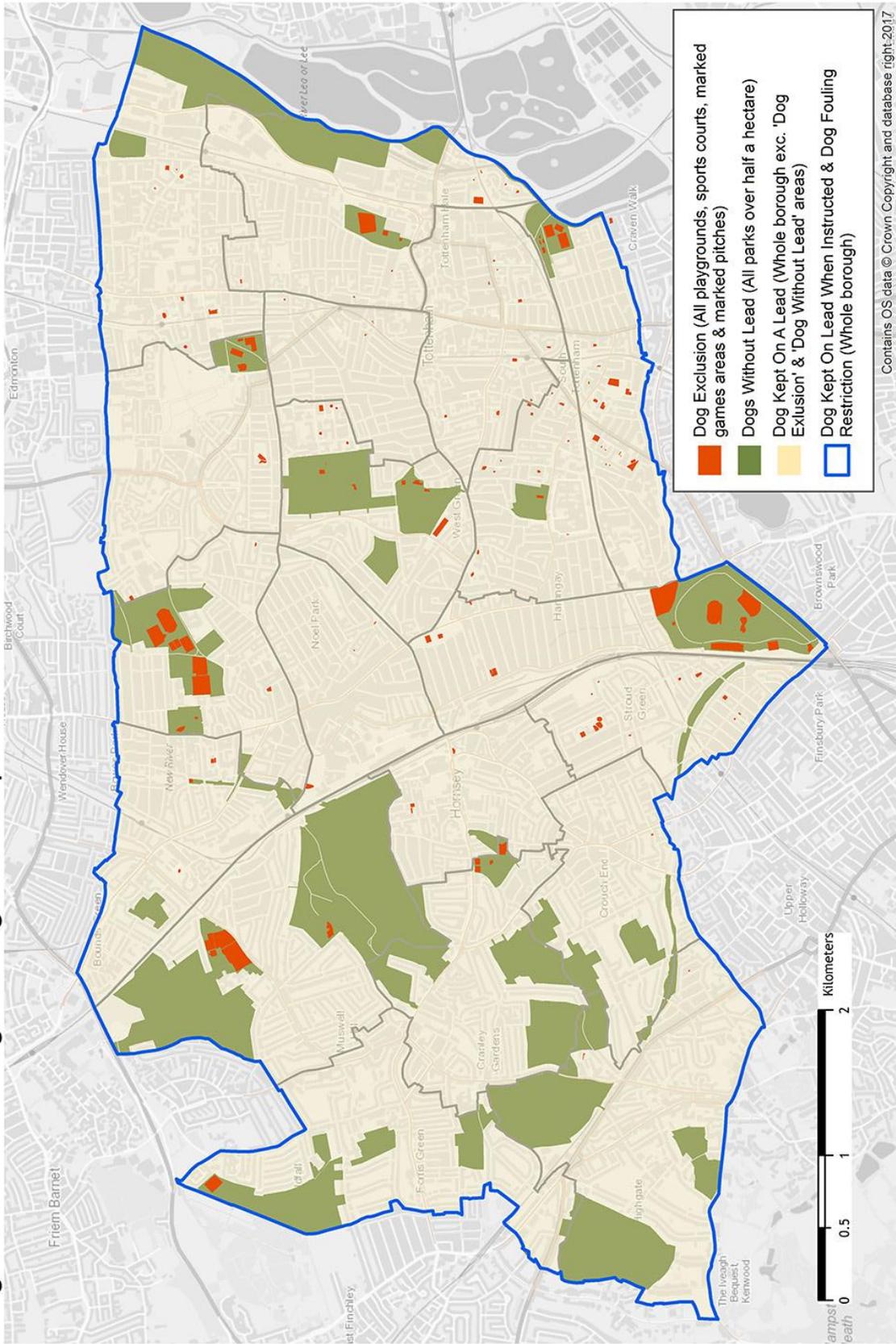
The Common Seal of

London Borough of Haringey

Was affixed in the presence of

Authorised Officer

Dog Control and Dog Fouling Public Space Protection Order 2017



This page is intentionally left blank

Report for: Cabinet Member Signing

Title: Approve extension (and variation where it applies) of the Bounds Green, Bruce Grove, Harringay, Noel Park, Northumberland Park, Seven Sisters, St Anns, Tottenham Green, Tottenham Hale, West Green and Woodside Wards Alcohol Control PSPO's

Report authorised by : Barry Francis, Director of Environment and Resident Experience

Lead Officer: Eubert Malcolm, Assistant Director, Stronger & Safer Communities (020 8489 5520 eubert.malcolm@haringey.gov.uk)

Ward(s) affected: Bounds Green, Bruce Grove, Harringay, Hermitage & Gardens. Noel Park, Northumberland Park, St Ann's, Seven Sisters, South Tottenham, Tottenham Central, Tottenham Hale, Woodside, West Green

**Report for Key/
Non-Key Decision:** Key

1. Describe the issue under consideration

- 1.1 The Council's existing 11 Public Space Protection Orders (PSPO) for the control of alcohol in specified roads in Haringey expires on 18th October 2023.
- 1.2 On 11th of September 2023 the Lead Member for Community Safety and Cohesion ratified the approval made by the Director of Environment and Resident Experience on the 8th of August 2023 decision to consult on the extension and variation of the existing PSPOs and the purpose of this report is to present the outcome of the consultation and to seek approval for the extension of the PSPO to 30 April 2025.

2. Cabinet Member Introduction

- 2.1 The PSPO has been in place for the last 6 years and has been used successfully to limit the detrimental impact of irresponsible alcohol consumption and I believe it is important that we continue to use this tool, and I am pleased to see that the extension also has the support of the public. I am, therefore, happy to bring forward this report to extend the current PSPO for the control of alcohol until 30 April 2025.
- 2.2 As the Cabinet Member for Community Safety and Cohesion, I am supportive of the proposals contained in this report.

3. Recommendations

- 3.1 The Cabinet Member for Community Safety and Cohesion is being asked to;

- a) Extend the existing alcohol control PSPO's in
- I. Bounds Green Ward (*Appendix C*),
 - II. Harringay Ward (*Appendix D*),
 - III. Noel Park Ward (*Appendix E*),
 - IV. Tottenham Hale Ward (*Appendix F*),
 - V. Woodside Ward (*Appendix G*)
 - VI. West Green Ward (*Appendix H*).
- b) Extend and slightly vary Bruce Grove PSPO so that it encompasses the roads within the formally named Bruce Grove Ward and the existing Tottenham Central Ward as outlined in the attached schedule (Bruce Grove Public Space Protection Order) *Appendix I*.
- c) Extend and slightly vary Northumberland Park Ward PSPO so that it encompasses the roads within Bruce Castle Ward as outlined in the attached schedule (Northumberland Park Public Space Protection Order) *Appendix J*.
- d) Extend and slightly vary the Seven Sisters Ward PSPO so that it encompasses the roads within Seven Sisters Ward, South Tottenham Ward and Hermitage Gardens Ward as outlined in the attached schedule (Northumberland Park Public Space Protection Order) *Appendix K*.
- e) Extend and slightly vary the St Ann's PSPO so that it encompasses the roads within Seven Sisters Ward, South Tottenham Ward and Hermitage Gardens Ward as outlined in the attached schedule (Northumberland Park Public Space Protection Order) *Appendix L*.
- f) Extend and slightly vary the Tottenham Green Ward PSPO so that it encompasses the roads within Seven Sisters Ward, South Tottenham Ward and Hermitage Gardens Ward as outlined in the attached schedule (Northumberland Park Public Space Protection Order) *Appendix M*

4. Reasons for decision

- 4.1 Despite some reduction in incidents of alcohol related ASB (anti -Social Behaviour) still occurs. There are seasonal increases in reports of activity within the identified areas, which shows there is an ongoing need for the PSPO to remain in place. Local residents, businesses and other stakeholders continue to express concerns about alcohol related ASB. The reports received from residents' businesses, include that groups of men and women drink alcohol, break glass bottles, throw litter and waste on the ground, including urinate in the area. The enforcement service regularly receives reports about alcohol related ASB. It is not unusual for the reports to include other (noise, spitting) ASB activities. As a result, the reports are often logged under other (noise, drugs, litter) ASB categories which can make pulling accurate Alcohol consumption ASDB data challenging. There is a need for extending and varying the PSPOs to help ensure that the law-abiding majority can safely use and enjoy public spaces. They were introduced by the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 and are intended to deal with behaviours that are detrimental to the

local community's quality of life, by imposing conditions on everyone using the area.

- 4.2 On 20th October 2017 Haringey replaced its Designated Public Places Orders (also known as Alcohol Control Zones) with PSPOs, with requirements and prohibitions mirroring the previous conditions. Following an extensive consultation process in 2020 the PSPOs were subject to some geographical expansion and extended to 19 October 2023.
- 4.3 There are separate PSPOs which cover specified roads within 11 wards. Although some Ward names and boundaries were changed on 5 May 2022 this did not impact on the specified roads covered by the PSPOs.
- 4.4 The PSPO may be extended more than once if the local authority is satisfied on reasonable grounds that doing so is necessary to prevent:
- (a) occurrence or recurrence after that time of the activities identified in the order, or
 - (b) an increase in the frequency or seriousness of those activities after that time.
- 4.5 Initial discussion with the Police, Councillors and other community representatives have indicated that there is an appetite to consider varying and possibly expanding the conditions of the PSPO to address wider community concerns. To enable full, meaningful consultation and co-production of future conditions, the views of the public on extending the current PSPO were sought and 95%, 40 out of 42, of respondents agreed with this approach.
- 4.6 It is expected it will take approximately 12 months to fully investigate the issues that have been raised and undertake full, meaningful consultation and co-production of any future PSPO prohibitions. It is therefore proposed to extend the current PSPO to 30 April 2025.
- 4.7 A Public Spaces Protection Orders (PSPO) sets clear conditions for the use of the specified public areas. It enables officers authorised by the Council and Police Officers to engage individuals and educate them about their responsibilities regarding the consumption of alcohol and give them an opportunity to comply with the condition. If an individual refuses to engage and comply the officer can take further action, such as confiscating the alcohol and disposing of it or and issuing a Fixed Penalty Notice (FPN), if appropriate.
- 4.8 This is an important tool for the local authority to ensure that public spaces and amenities are clean and can be used safely.

5. Alternative options considered

- 5.1 Not to extend the PSPO.
If the PSPO conditions were to expire it would be necessary to remove all related signage and it is likely that the issues it was introduced to address will recur.

- 5.2 The expiration of the PSPO would also limit the options for Council and Police officers to take action to address behaviours that have a detrimental effect on the local community.
- 5.3 Allowing the PSPO to expire is not recommended.

6. Background information

- 6.1 The PSPO sets clear conditions for people whilst they are using public areas. Signs are strategically placed around the area in which the PSPO is effective ensuring those using the public space are aware of their responsibilities.
- 6.2 The existing alcohol control PSPO in specified roads and locations enable authorised officers to require a person who is drinking alcohol or carrying alcohol in an open container to either surrender their alcohol, pour it away or not to continue to drink the alcohol. If an individual fails to comply with the request without reasonable excuse they commit an offence and are liable on summary conviction to a fine of up to £500, or they have the opportunity to discharge their liability for prosecution by accepting a Fixed Penalty Notice of £100.
- 6.2 As the current PSPO has been in place for 3 years and there were no changes proposed to the existing conditions or coverage, necessary consultation was undertaken in accordance with section 73(4).
- 6.3 Consultation was undertaken online and asked if the respondent agreed to extending the current control of alcohol PSPOs for up to 18 months. Respondents were encouraged to explain their responses and to provide any information to help the local authority understand if there were any things that should be considered in the future with equalities considerations in mind.
- 6.4 There were 42 respondents and 95% (no.40) supported the extension. The comments provided by respondents are largely supportive and are summarised below, the full responses are provided in Appendix A.
- 5 the PSPO will help people feel safer and tackle ASB.
 - 13 expressed support to extend the PSPO conditions or cover.
 - 5 supported additional enforcement.
 - 1 noted they hadn't noticed a problem.
- 6.5 There were no specific issues raised by the respondents who did not support the extension.
- 6.6 No issues were raised by respondents in relation to any equalities impact.
- 6.7 Required consultation was also undertaken with the Metropolitan Police Service and confirmed their support of the extension.

- 6.7 The Haringey Alcohol Needs Assessment clearly shows the wide-ranging impact that problematic alcohol consumption can have on an individual and their behaviour towards others. The purpose of the PSPO is to encourage compliance with the conditions to minimise the risk of harm to the individual and the community, providing a cleaner and safer public space for all users.

7. Contribution to the Corporate Delivery Plan 2022-2024 High level Strategic outcomes

- 7.1 The Alcohol Control PSPO contributes to the strategic themes of a Safer borough and Place and economy by helping to maintain clean public spaces that are welcome and safe for residents and visitors to enjoy.

8. Carbon and Climate Change

- 8.1 There are no direct carbon or climate decisions arising from this consultation or the proposed PSPO extension.

9. Statutory Officers comments (Director of Finance (procurement), Head of Legal and Governance, Equalities)

9.1 Finance

This report is for Cabinet to approve the recommendations as set out in para 3 of this report.

The costs associated with manufacturing and installing temporary Alcohol Control PSPO warning signage are expected to be around £1,000 and will be met through existing budgets.

9.2 Procurement

Procurement notes the contents of this report and confirm there are no procurement related matters preventing the Cabinet Member for Community Safety and Cohesion agreeing the recommendations in paragraph 3 above.

9.3 Head of Legal & Governance Michelle Williams

The Head of Legal and Governance has been consulted in the preparation of this report and comments as follows.

The existing PSPOs will be 3 years old on 18 October 2023. They cannot have effect beyond that date because s60 of the Anti-Social Behaviour Crime and Policing Act 2014 ("the Act") Limits the duration of a PSPO to 3 years unless extended. however, there can be more than one extension.

Section 60(2) of the Act requires the Council to give effect to the extension before the existing PSPOs expire. Before extending the Council must be satisfied on reasonable grounds that doing so is necessary to prevent:

- a) occurrence or reoccurrence after that time of the activities identified in the order or
- b) an increase in the frequency or seriousness of those activities after that time

Section 72 (3) of the Act requires the Council to conduct the necessary consultation before extending varying a PSPO. This means consulting with:

- a) the Chief Officer of police and the local policing body
- b) whatever community representatives the local authority thinks appropriate to consult with
- c) the owner or occupier of land within the restricted area where practicable.

The following principles of consultation **that** were set out in the Supreme Court case of R (on the application of Mosely) v London Borough of Haringey must be followed. First, a consultation has to be at a time when proposals are still at a formative state. Secondly, the proposer has to give sufficient reasons for any proposal to permit intelligent consideration and response. Thirdly, adequate time has to be given for consideration and response, and finally, the product of consultation had to be conscientiously taken into account in finalising any statutory proposal or reaching a decision. The process of consultation has to be effective and looked at as a whole, it has to be fair. The Consultation that was conducted has complied with these legal principles and the Government Code of Practice on Consultation.

The Lead Member must take account of the representations made during the consultation period and the objections received in deciding whether to extend and vary the PSPOs.

9.4 Equality

The council has a Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) under the Equality Act (2010) to have due regard to the need to:

- Eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited under the Act
- Advance equality of opportunity between people who share protected characteristics and people who do not
- Foster good relations between people who share those characteristics and people who do not

The three parts of the duty apply to the following protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy/maternity, race, religion/faith,

sex and sexual orientation. Marriage and civil partnership status applies to the first part of the duty.

Although it is not enforced in legislation as a protected characteristic, Haringey Council treats socioeconomic status as a local protected characteristic.

The Alcohol Control PSPO has been in place for 6 years and no equalities issues have been raised during that time or through the consultation process, therefore, no further equalities impact assessment is required.

10. Use of Appendices

11. Appendix A – Alcohol Control Consultation PSPO Report
12. Appendix B - Equality Impact Assessment Screening Tool
13. Appendix C - Bounds Green Draft Public Space Protection Order
14. Appendix D - Harringay Draft Public Space Protection Order
15. Appendix E – Noel Park Ward Draft Public Space Protection Order
16. Appendix F – Tottenham Hale Ward Draft Public Space Protection Order
17. Appendix G – Woodside Ward Draft Public Space Protection Order
18. Appendix H - West Green Ward Draft Public Space Protection Order
19. Appendix I – Bruce Groove Draft Public Space Protection Order
20. Appendix J – Northumberland Park Draft Public Space Protection Order
21. Appendix K – Seven Sisters Draft Public Space Protection Order
22. Appendix L – St Ann's Draft Public Space Protection Order
23. Appendix M – Tottenham Green Draft Public Space Protection Order

24. Background papers

Anti-Social Crime & Policing Act 2014 - legislation
<http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2014/12/contents/enacted>

Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014, guidance
https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/823316/2019-08-05_ASB_Revised_Statutory_Guidance_V2.2.pdf

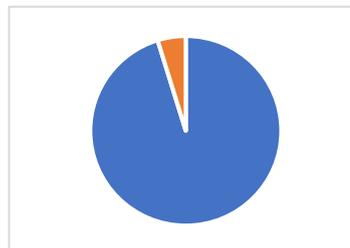
This page is intentionally left blank

Appendix A

Alcohol Control PSPO Public Consultation

1. Do you agree with us extending our current 11 alcohol control PSPOs for up to 18 months?

Yes 40
No 2



2. Please explain your answer to question 1.

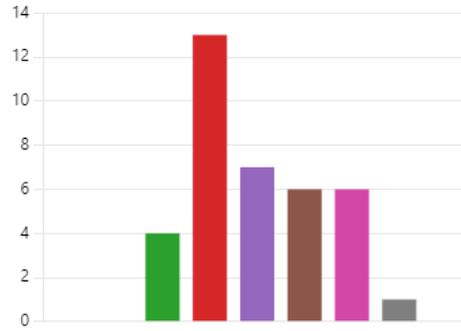
There is a general feeling of insecurity around Seven Sisters and this will help to in some degree limit it
Yes, but please also cover Stroud Green (upper tollington park) and Finsbury Park Street drinking is a major problem and still needs tackling. However I see very little evidence the existing PSPO is actually being enforced. I routinely see street drinking in the streets covered by it. The PSPO needs to be extended and properly enforced.
Extend all the way down the ladder there is a lot of problem drinking on Effingham Road
To reduce anti social behaviour
I'm a female living on Lawrence Rd and I find West Green Road unsafe and distressing due to all the people openly consuming alcohol and drugs. I get harassed on a daily basis and I'm scared for my life when walking along West Green Road at night. It's all done in the open and I have never seen any intervention from the police. Please do something!
We have a major issue in Bruce grove town centre for street drinking and drug dealing.
Too much asb, but again needs more enforcement otherwise it's pretty pointless
It is perfectly acceptable for people to enjoy alcoholic beverages in public spaces, provided the drinkers act responsibly. It is antisocial behaviour that is the problem, rather than the drinking itself. I support efforts to curb ASB.
There are plenty of establishments in the areas concerned where people can enjoy drinking.
Have not noticed any problems myself
In Tottenham a lot of drunk people in the street or park. Throwing bottles on the pavement and street. Leaving their rubbish. And aggressive attitude.
I think it should be tightened. There's a huge problem with groups of men standing around drinking on lordship lane at the shops between Pembury Rd and Bruce castle park. They leave loads of litter. It happens daily. I can't see that this is included in the controlled zone. Also on the high rd outside the post office and around Holcombe market
this leads to other antisocial behaviour
This is a minimum. Though what about open use of drugs?
The street drinking around Bruce Grove is linked to sexual harassment of women and girls, for that reason I agree with it. I'd actually like to see it extended to include Reform Row, Factory Lane and the connecting roads (Wilson's Ave, Honeysett Road).
n/a
Either this is also done borough wide or not at all.

I see alcoholics and crack addicts everywhere
The borough must remain protected under the current PSPO until a new one with extra conditions is applied.
I agree that this should be extended. I must express concern over how it is currently controlled and overseen. There are always people drinking on the roads listed in Bruce Grove. As someone who lives on St.Loys Road I can confidently say that this isn't currently enforced. Extending it and enforcing it would be a welcomed way to tackle the anti social behaviour
The public drinking and ASB has increased in Bruce grove especially around St loys rd. I have been told by the police there is "nothing they can do" to enforce the PSPOs and the offenders don't provide addresses and that they are "too intoxicated" to be taken to the police station
ASB associated with alcohol drinking is worrying and scary and should be deterred
Drinking alcohol on the streets is an issue across the borough, and is seen daily in the centre/east of the borough. Having a drink in a public place has the potential to be harmless but often there are other anti-social behaviours and threat that come with those drinking during the day. This can be individuals putting themselves at risk by getting drunk nearby busy roads, or increase the chance of confrontation from other members of the public. It also increases littering on our streets.
Yes. This is important to maintain. Would also like the opportunity to expand ladder wide.
I support the reduction and prevention of crime associated with the commissioning of PSPOs.
I would be in favour of even stronger powers over people drinking and causing ASB in our streets, and would like this to cover all parts of Haringey borough
Street drinking is a problem in the borough
Alcohol consumption contributes to ASB in Haringey. All mechanisms should be used to control consumption of alcohol, and thus reduce ASB.
Where I live on the Ermine Rd estate, there are small groups of (mainly) men 'hanging out' drinking and I have observed blatant drug dealing.
Should be the whole borough covered by the PSPO
Not only alcohol consumption often witnessed near Ducketts Common and the Harringay Ladder, but also there should be, even more significantly, similar legislation relating to drugs use, often seen taking place in broad daylight in the area particularly in Harringay Passage - injecting, inhaling and dealing - and on Duckett's Common men urinating against trees and the fences in full view in broad daylight, completely unconcerned.

Respondent demographics

Age Range

Under 17	0
17-21	0
22-29	4
30-39	13
40-49	7
50-59	6
60-74	6
75+	1
Prefer not to say	0



Gender

Male	10
Female	27
Prefer not to say	0
Other	0



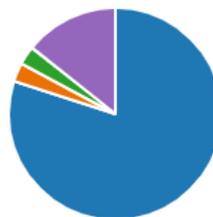
Trans is an umbrella term to describe people whose gender identity is not the same as, or does not sit comfortably with, the sex they were assigned at birth. *Do you consider yourself to be trans?*

Yes	0
No	33
Prefer not to say	0



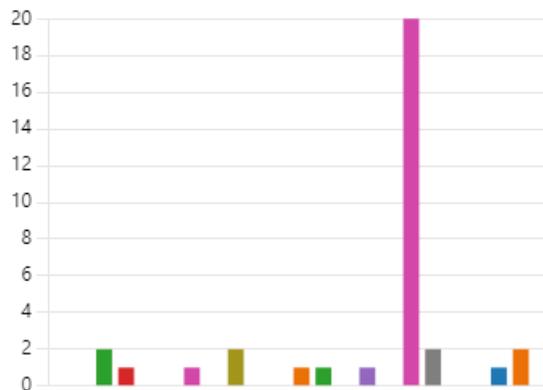
Sexuality

Heterosexual	28
Bi	1
Gay	1
Lesbian	0
Prefer not to say	5



Ethnicity

● Asian or Asian British - Banglad ...	0
● Asian or Asian British - Chinese	0
● Asian or Asian British - Indian	2
● Asian or Asian British - Pakistani	1
● Asian or Asian British - Any othe ...	0
● Black, Black British, Caribbean or ...	0
● Black, Black British, Caribbean or ...	1
● Black, Black British, Caribbean or ...	0
● Mixed or multiple ethnic groups ...	2
● Mixed or multiple ethnic groups ...	0
● Mixed or multiple ethnic groups ...	0
● Mixed or multiple ethnic groups ...	1
● Other - Arab	1
● Other - Kurdish	0
● Other - Turkish	1
● Other - Any other ethnic backgr ...	0
● White - English/Welsh/Scottish/ ...	20
● White - Irish	2
● White - Gypsy or Irish Traveller	0
● White - Roma	0
● White - Any other White backgr ...	1
● Prefer not to say	2
● Prefer to self describe (please e ...	0



Disability

Under the Equality Act 2010, a person is considered to have a disability if she/he has a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on her/his ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities. *Are you disabled?*

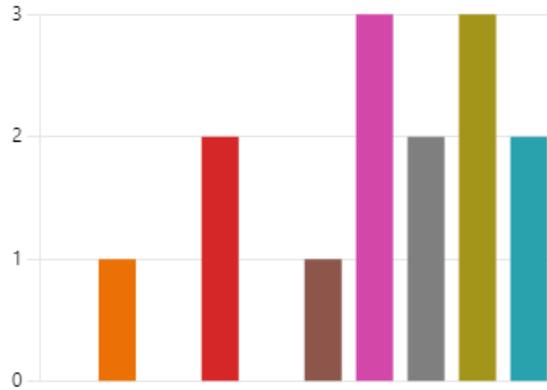
● Yes	5
● No	29
● Prefer not to say	2



Impairment

You may tick more than one box.

● Visual Impairment	0
● Physical Impairment	1
● Deaf / British Sign Language User	0
● Hearing impairment	2
● Mental health / mental distress i...	0
● Learning difficulties	1
● Neurodiverse	3
● Long term health condition / hi...	2
● Prefer not to say	3
● Other	2



Are you pregnant?

● Yes	0
● No	31
● Prefer not to say	2

Have you had a baby in the last 12 months?

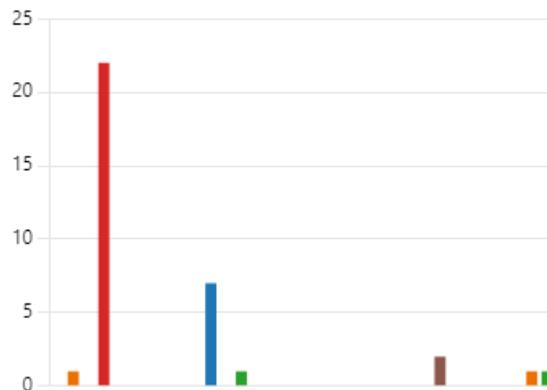
● Yes	1
● No	31
● Prefer not to say	3



National Identity

You may tick more than one box.

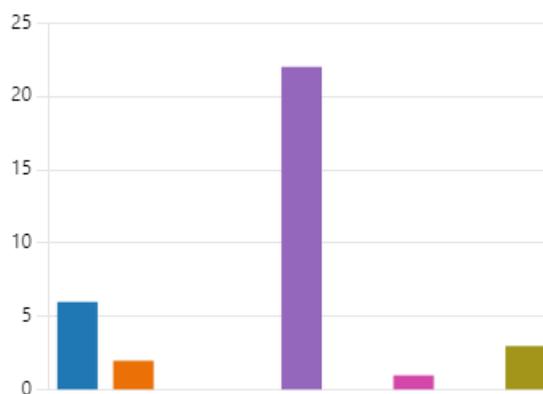
● German	0
● Ghanaian	0
● Hungarian	0
● Irish	0
● Italian	0
● Indian	0
● Jamaican	0



● Kosovan	0
● Lithuanian	0
● Northern Irish	0
● Polish	0
● Romanian	0
● Scottish	2
● Spanish	0
● Somali	0
● Turkish	0
● United States	0
● Welsh	0
● Prefer not to say	1
● Other	1

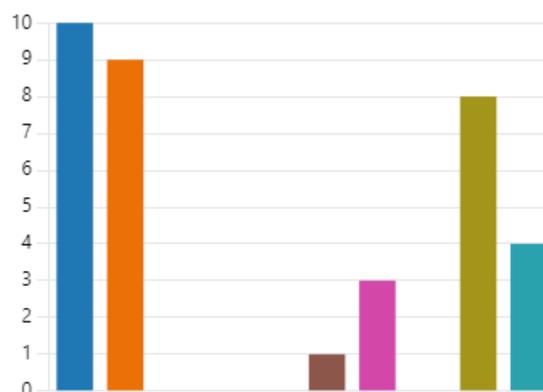
Marriage and Civil Partnership

● Single	6
● Co-habiting	2
● Seperated	0
● Widowed	0
● Married	22
● Civil Partnership	0
● Divorced	1
● Widowed	0
● Prefer not to say	3



Religion or belief

● Atheist	10
● Christian	9
● Jewish	0
● Rastafarian	0
● Buddhist	0
● Hindu	1
● Muslim	3
● Sikh	0
● No religion	8
● Other	4



● Prefer not to say

This page is intentionally left blank

Equality Impact Assessment Screening Tool

1	Lead officer contact details:	Brian Ellick
2	Date:	25 September 2023
3	Summary of the proposal:	To extend and vary the existing 11 Public Spaces Protection Order (PSPO) for the control of alcohol in Bounds Green, Bruce Grove, Harringay, Hermitage & Gardens. Noel Park, Northumberland Park, St Ann's, Seven Sisters, South Tottenham, Tottenham Central, Tottenham Hale, Woodside, West Green.

Response to Screening Questions		Yes	No	Please explain your answer.
--	--	------------	-----------	------------------------------------

a) Type of proposal

4.	Is this a new proposal or a significant change to a policy or service, including commissioned service?		✓	<p>The proposal is to extend of the existing Public Spaces Protection Order, which restricts the consumption of alcohol in specified restricted roads and public places in Bounds Green, Bruce Grove, Harringay, Hermitage & Gardens. Noel Park, Northumberland Park, St Ann's, Seven Sisters, South Tottenham, Tottenham Central, Tottenham Hale, Woodside, West Green to 30 April 2025.</p> <p>The PSPOs have been in place since 2017 and were extended in 2020.</p> <p>Public consultation has been undertaken, which received 95% support for the extension.</p> <p>There are no policy or service changes or impact on staffing arrangements.</p> <p>During the time the PSPO has been in place no equality issues or concerns have been raised.</p>
5.	Does the proposal remove, reduce or alter a service or policy?		✓	
6.	Will there be a restructure or significant changes in staffing arrangements? Please see the restructure pages for guidance for restructure EqlAs .		✓	
7.	If the service or policy is not changing, have there been any known equality issues or concerns with current provision. For example, cases of discrimination or failure to tackle inequalities in outcomes in the past?		✓	

b) Known inequalities				
8.	Could the proposal disproportionately impact on any particular communities, disadvantaged or vulnerable residents?		✓	No group is disproportionately affected by the application of the PSPO, it is intended to have a positive impact by providing a safer environment for all users.
9.	Is the service targeted towards particular disadvantaged or vulnerable residents? <i>This can be a service specifically for a group, such as services for people with Learning Disabilities. It can also be a universal service but has specific measures to tackle inequalities, such as encouraging men to take up substance misuse services.</i>		✓	The signage clearly advises people entering the area of the restriction on the consumption of alcohol in public areas. The process to ensure compliance is for Police Officers and officers authorised by the Council to engage with individuals and invite them to cease drinking, dispose of alcohol or surrender it to them for disposal. All officers responsible for enforcement are aware of safeguarding and pathways available to people who need additional support due to addictions to substances.
10.	Are there any known inequalities? For example, particular groups are not currently accessing services that they need or are more likely to suffer inequalities in outcomes, such as health outcomes.		✓	Enforcement activity which may result in a penalty or prosecution will only be applied if an individual refuses to comply with the request of authorised officers.
11	If you have answered yes to at least one question in both sections a) and b), Please complete an EqIA.			A full EqIA, is not required at this time as; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The PSPO has been in place since 2017 and is being extended without change. • No equality issues have been raised during the time the PSPO has been in place, or through the public consultation.

**PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER - BOUNDS GREEN WARD
PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR**

1. This Order may be cited as the **Bounds Green Ward Alcohol Control Public Spaces Protection Order**
2. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), the Council being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the activities set out in paragraph 5, in the location described in paragraph 4 of this Order and marked on the plan contained in the schedule to this Order have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality, or it is likely that activities will be carried out within that area and have such an effect. The Council is also satisfied that the effect, or likely effect, of the activities is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature and that these activities are unreasonable and justify the restrictions imposed by this Order and that it is in all circumstances expedient to make this Order for the purpose of reducing anti-social behaviour in a public place.
3. This Order came into force on the 20th October 2017 for three years, was extended on 20th October 2020 for a further three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
4. This Order applies to the public places being those parts of the Bounds Green Ward shown outlined on the plan contained in the schedule of this Order (Bounds Green Ward Public Space Protection Order).

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED ROADS

Bridge Road

Buckingham Road

Dorset Road

St Michaels Terrace

Terrick Road

Public Parks and Open Spaces managed by Haringey Council

- Park Area Between St Michaels Terrace and Park Avenue

5. The activities described below are hereby prohibited as from the date of this Order.
 - (a) Consuming intoxicating liquor in a public place and acting in a manner that is causing or is likely to cause alarm harassment or distress
 - (b) Being in possession of an open vessel(s) of intoxicating liquor in a public place

S63 Consumption of alcohol in breach of prohibition in this Order

- (1) *This section applies where a Police Constable or Police Community Support Officer or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (a) is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a Public Spaces Protection Order, or (b) intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition. In this section “authorised person” means a person authorised for the purpose of this section by the local authority that made the Public Space Protection Order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1)).*
- (2) *The Police Constable or authorised person may require a person – (a) not to consume, in breach of the order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol (b) to surrender anything in a person’s possession which is, or which the Police Constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.*
- (3) *A Police Constable or authorise person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell the person that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.*
- (4) *A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person - (a) is asked by person to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.*

- (5) *A Police Constable or authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.*
6. A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) (a) or (b) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (currently £500), or a fixed penalty notice of £100.00.
7. An interested person may apply to the High Court to question the validity of this Order and an interested person means an individual who lives in the restricted area or who regularly works or visits that area. Any such interested person may apply to the High court within six weeks from the date on which this Order was made on the grounds that the Council did not have the power to make the Order or to include particular prohibitions or requirements imposed by the Order or that a requirement of the Act was not complied with in relation to the Order.

DATED:

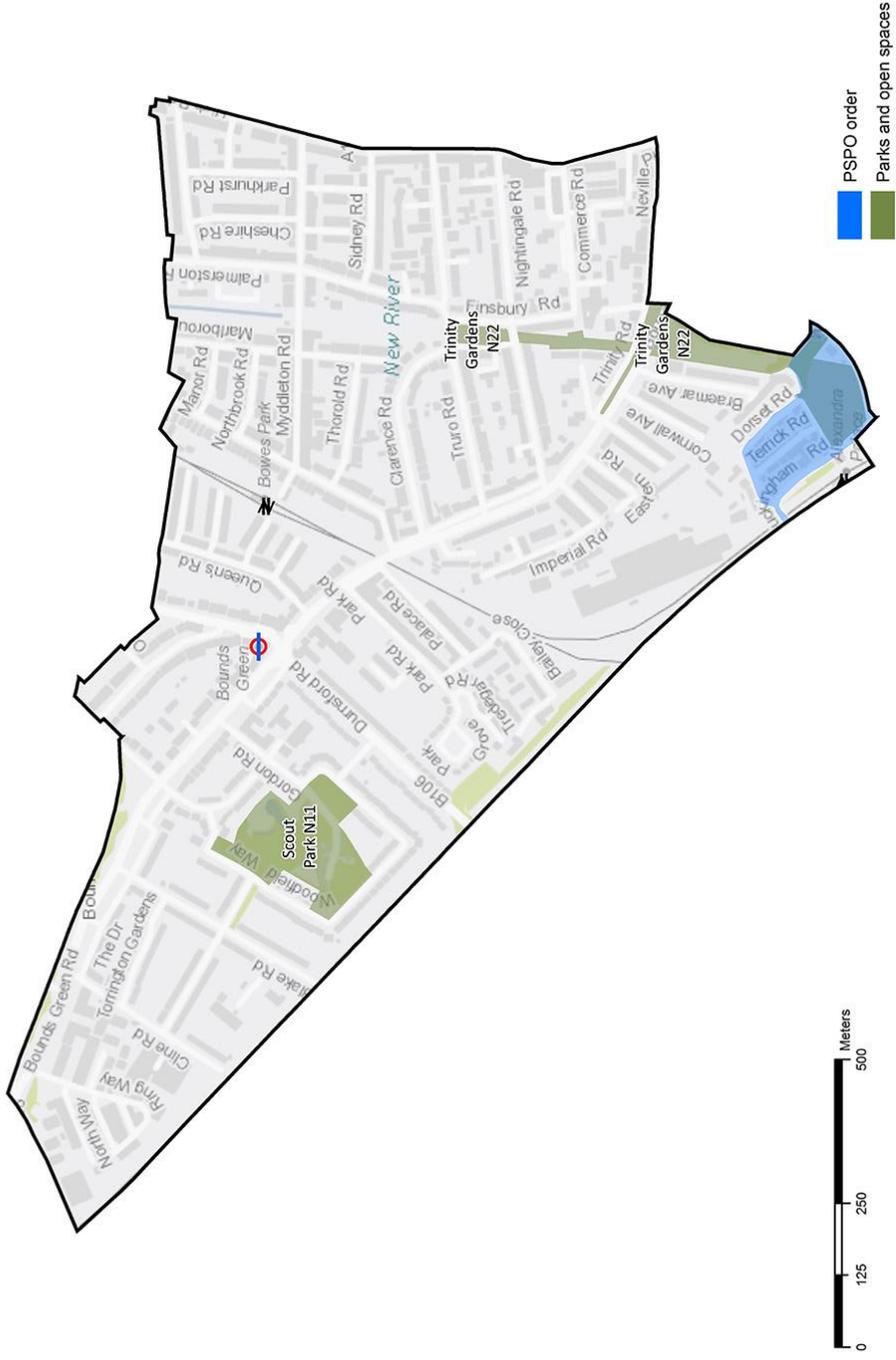
The Common Seal of

London Borough of Haringey

Was affixed in the presence of

Authorised Officer

Street Drinking - Public Spaces Protection Order - Bounds Green Ward



LONDON BOROUGH OF HARINGEY
PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER – HARRINGAY WARD
PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR

1. This Order may be cited as the **Harringay Ward Alcohol Control Public Spaces Protection Order**
2. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), the Council being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the activities set out in paragraph 5, in the location described in paragraph 4 of this Order and marked on the plan contained in the schedule to this Order have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality, or it is likely that activities will be carried out within that area and have such an effect. The Council is also satisfied that the effect, or likely effect, of the activities is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature and that these activities are unreasonable and justify the restrictions imposed by this Order and that it is in all circumstances expedient to make this Order for the purpose of reducing anti-social behaviour in a public place.
3. This Order came into force on the 20th October 2017 for three years, was extended on 20th October 2020 for a further three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
4. This Order applies to the public places being those parts of the Harringay Ward shown outlined on the plan contained in the schedule of this Order (Harringay Ward Public Space Protection Order).

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED ROADS

Willoughby Road

Public Rights of Way

- Willoughby Road To Green Lanes

Public Parks and Open Spaces Managed by Haringey Council

- Ducketts Common

5. The activities described below are hereby prohibited as from the date of this Order.

- (a) Consuming intoxicating liquor in a public place and acting in a manner that is causing or is likely to cause alarm harassment or distress
- (b) Being in possession of an open vessel(s) of intoxicating liquor in a public place

S63 Consumption of alcohol in breach of prohibition in this Order

(1) *This section applies where a Police Constable or Police Community Support Officer or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (a) is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a Public Spaces Protection Order, or (b) intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition. In this section “authorised person” means a person authorised for the purpose of this section by the local authority that made the Public Space Protection Order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1)).*

(2) *The Police Constable or authorised person may require a person – (a) not to consume, in breach of the order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol (b) to surrender anything in a person’s possession which is, or which the Police Constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.*

(3) *A Police Constable or authorise person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell the person that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.*

(4) *A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person - (a) is asked by person to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.*

- (5) *A Police Constable or authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.*
6. A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) (a) or (b) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (currently £500), or a fixed penalty notice of £100.00.
7. An interested person may apply to the High Court to question the validity of this Order and an interested person means an individual who lives in the restricted area or who regularly works or visits that area. Any such interested person may apply to the High court within six weeks from the date on which this Order was made on the grounds that the Council did not have the power to make the Order or to include particular prohibitions or requirements imposed by the Order or that a requirement of the Act was not complied with in relation to the Order.

DATED:

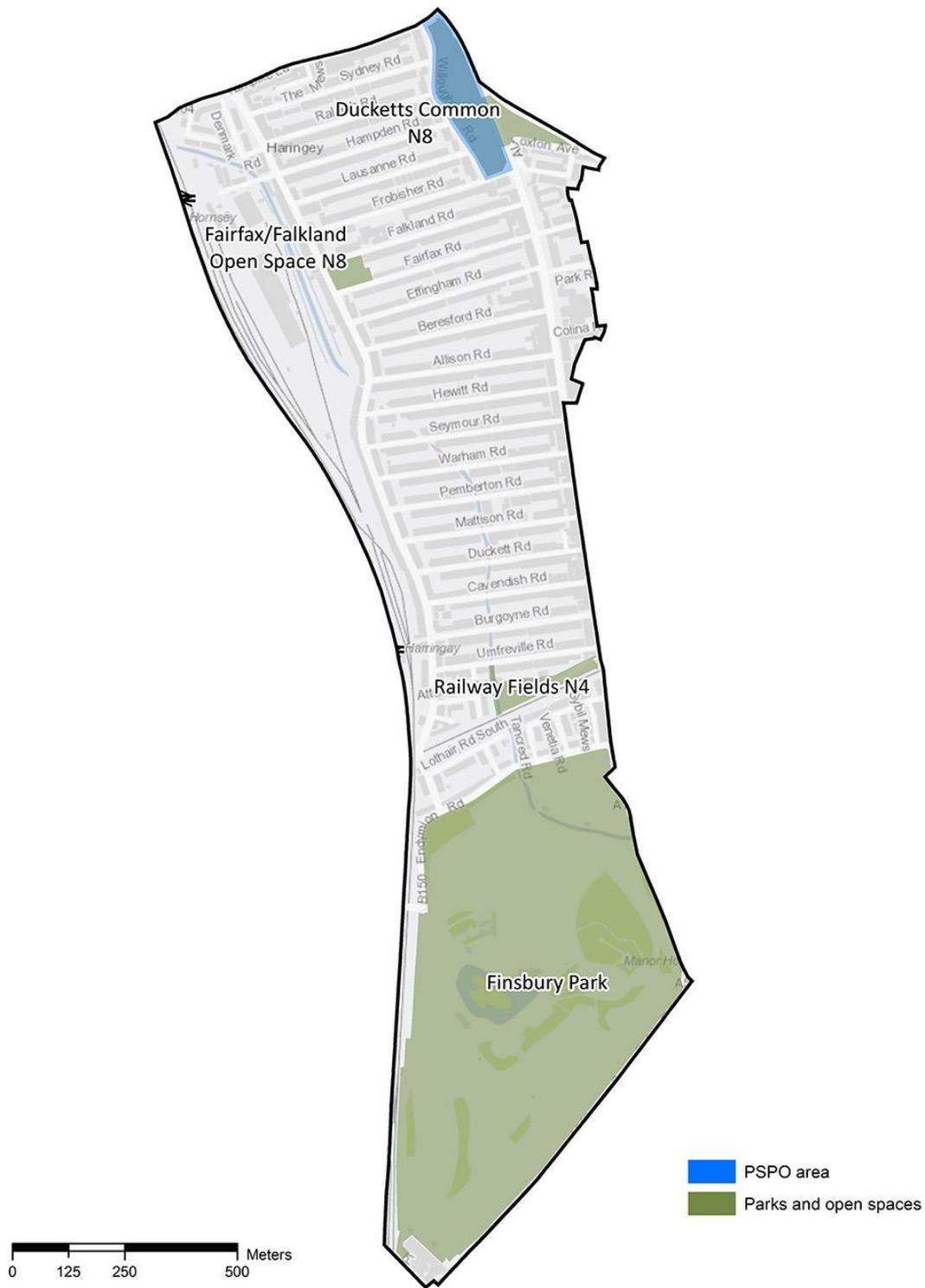
The Common Seal of

London Borough of Haringey

Was affixed in the presence of

Authorised Officer

Street Drinking - Public Spaces Protection Order - Harringay Ward



**LONDON BOROUGH OF HARINGEY
PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER – NOEL PARK WARD
PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR**

1. This Order may be cited as the **Noel Park Ward Alcohol Control Public Spaces Protection Order**.
2. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), the Council being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the activities set out in paragraph 5, in the location described in paragraph 4 of this Order and marked on the plan contained in the schedule to this Order have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality, or it is likely that activities will be carried out within that area and have such an effect. The Council is also satisfied that the effect, or likely effect, of the activities is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature and that these activities are unreasonable and justify the restrictions imposed by this Order and that it is in all circumstances expedient to make this Order for the purpose of reducing anti-social behaviour in a public place.
3. This Order came into force on the 20th October 2017 for three years, was extended on 20th October 2020 for a further three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
4. This Order applies to the public places being those parts of the Noel Park Ward shown outlined on the plan contained in the schedule of this Order (Noel Park Ward Public Space Protection Order).

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED ROADS

Albert Mews	Brampton Park Road	Coombe Road
Alexandra Road	Brook Road	Courcy Road
Amber Mews	Buller Road	Darwin Road
Arnold Bennett Way	Burghley Road	Dovecote Avenue
Ashley Crescent	Bury Road	Farrant Avenue
The Avenue	Caxton Road	Gladstone Avenue
Barbara Hucklesbury Close	Clarendon Road	Gladstone Mews
Boreham Road	Cobham Road	Hewitt Road
Brabant Road	Coburg Road	High Road
	Coleraine Road	Hornsey Park Road

Jack Barnett Way
Lakefield Road
Lawton Road
Lilac Mews
Lordship Lane
Lymington Avenue
Lyttleton Road
Malvern Road
Mark Road
Maurice Avenue
Mayes Road
Meads Road
Morley Avenue

Moselle Avenue
Noel Park Road
Park Ridings
Parkland Road
Pelham Road
Ravenstone Road
Redvers Road
Russell Avenue
Salisbury Road
The Sandlings
Silsoe road
Tower Terrace
Turnpike Lane

Vernon Road
Vincent Road
Waldegrave Road
Wallis Mews
Walnut Mews
Wellesley Road
Westbeech Road
Westbury Avenue
Western Road
Whymark Avenue
Willingdon Road

Public Rights of Way

- Ashley Crescent To Lymington Avenue
- Willingdon Road To Russell Avenue
- Willoughby Road To Green Lanes
- Station Road To Western Road
- Footpath Between Whymark Avenue To Cobham Road
- Westbury Avenue To Whymark Avenue

Public Parks and Open Spaces Managed by Haringey Council

- Allotment Gardens In Lordship Lane,
- Saftsbury Road And Moselle Avenue
- Recreational Ground Near Maurice Avenue, Gardner Court,
- Russell Avenue And Willingdon Road
- Noel Park

5. The activities described below are hereby prohibited as from the date of this Order.

- (a) Consuming intoxicating liquor in a public place and acting in a manner that is causing or is likely to cause alarm harassment or distress
- (b) Being in possession of an open vessel(s) of intoxicating liquor in a public place

S63 Consumption of alcohol in breach of prohibition in this Order

- (1) This section applies where a Police Constable or Police Community Support Officer or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (a) is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a Public Spaces Protection Order, or (b) intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition. In this section “authorised person” means a person authorised for the purpose of this section by the local authority that made the Public Space Protection Order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1)).*
 - (2) The Police Constable or authorised person may require a person – (a) not to consume, in breach of the order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol (b) to surrender anything in a person’s possession which is, or which the Police Constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.*
 - (3) A Police Constable or authorised person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell the person that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.*
 - (4) A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person - (a) is asked by person to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.*
 - (5) A Police Constable or authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.*
 6. A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) (a) or (b) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (currently £500), or a fixed penalty notice of £100.00.
 7. An interested person may apply to the High Court to question the validity of this Order and an interested person means an individual who lives in the restricted
-

area or who regularly works or visits that area. Any such interested person may apply to the High court within six weeks from the date on which this Order was made on the grounds that the Council did not have the power to make the Order or to include particular prohibitions or requirements imposed by the Order or that a requirement of the Act was not complied with in relation to the Order.

DATED:

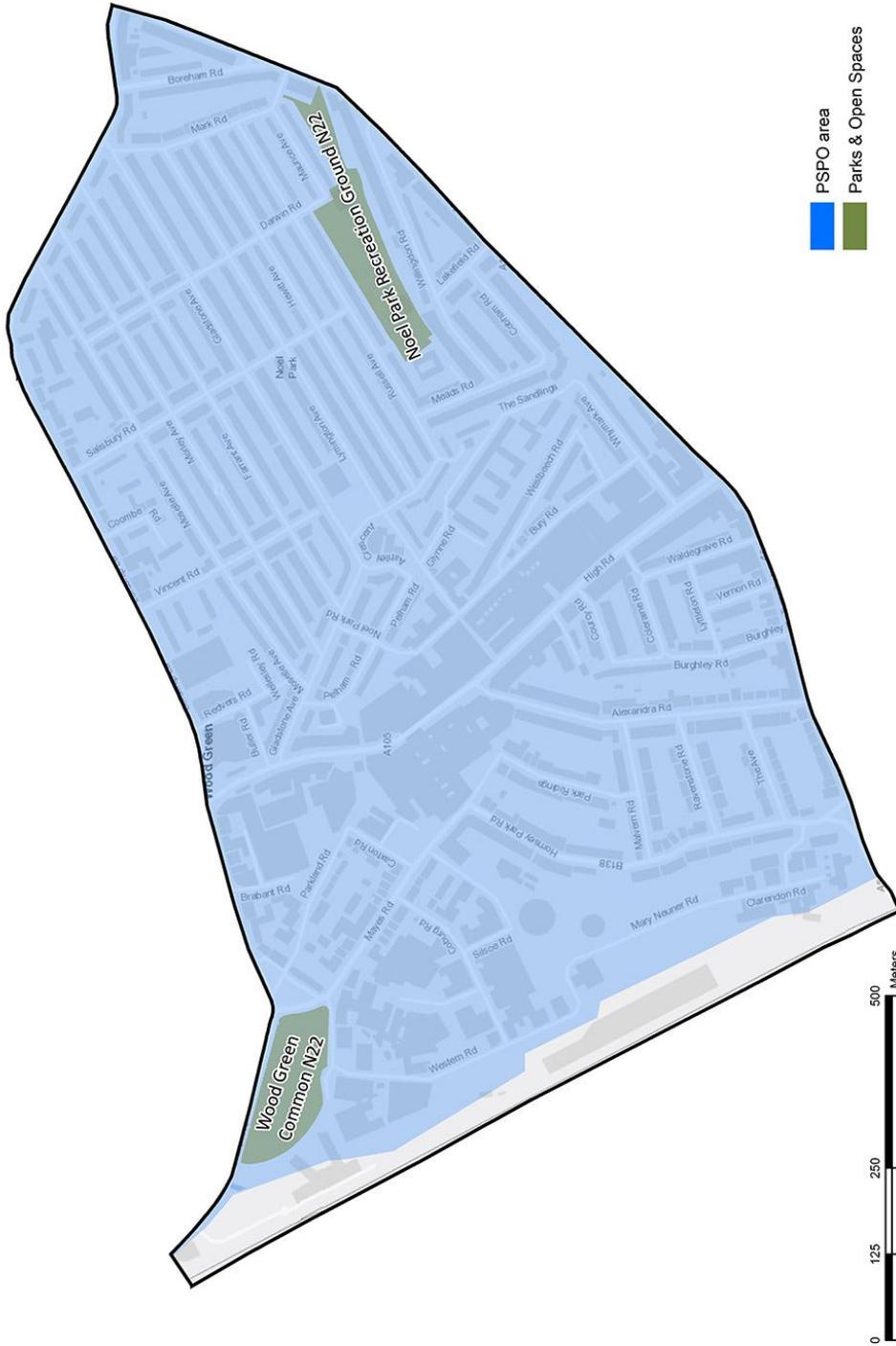
The Common Seal of

London Borough of Haringey

Was affixed in the presence of

Authorised Officer

Street Drinking - Public Spaces Protection Order - Noel Park Ward



This page is intentionally left blank

**LONDON BOROUGH OF HARINGEY
PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER – TOTTENHAM HALE
PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR**

1. This Order may be cited as the **Tottenham Hale Alcohol Control Public Spaces Protection Order**
2. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), the Council being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the activities set out in paragraph 5, in the location described in paragraph 4 of this Order and marked on the plan contained in the schedule to this Order have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality, or it is likely that activities will be carried out within that area and have such an effect. The Council is also satisfied that the effect, or likely effect, of the activities is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature and that these activities are unreasonable and justify the restrictions imposed by this Order and that it is in all circumstances expedient to make this Order for the purpose of reducing anti-social behaviour in a public place.
3. This Order came into force on the 20th October 2017 for three years, was extended on 20th October 2020 for a further three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
4. This Order applies to the public places being those parts of the Tottenham Hale Ward shown outlined on the plan contained in the schedule of this Order (Tottenham Hale Public Space Protection Order).

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED ROADS

High Road

Stoneleigh Road

Brook Street

Albert Place

Chestnut Road

Scotland Green

Public Rights of Way

- Stoneleigh Road Car Park N17
- Alleyway Between High Road And Stoneleigh Road

5. The activities described below are hereby prohibited as from the date of this Order.
- (a) Consuming intoxicating liquor in a public place and acting in a manner that is causing or is likely to cause alarm harassment or distress
 - (b) Being in possession of an open vessel(s) of intoxicating liquor in a public place

S63 Consumption of alcohol in breach of prohibition in this Order

- (1) *This section applies where a Police Constable or Police Community Support Officer or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (a) is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a Public Spaces Protection Order, or (b) intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition. In this section “authorised person” means a person authorised for the purpose of this section by the local authority that made the Public Space Protection Order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1)).*
- (2) *The Police Constable or authorised person may require a person – (a) not to consume, in breach of the order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol (b) to surrender anything in a person’s possession which is, or which the Police Constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.*
- (3) *A Police Constable or authorise person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell the person that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.*
- (4) *A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person - (a) is asked by person to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.*

- (5) *A Police Constable or authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.*
6. A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) (a) or (b) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (currently £500), or a fixed penalty notice of £100.00.
7. An interested person may apply to the High Court to question the validity of this Order and an interested person means an individual who lives in the restricted area or who regularly works or visits that area. Any such interested person may apply to the High court within six weeks from the date on which this Order was made on the grounds that the Council did not have the power to make the Order or to include particular prohibitions or requirements imposed by the Order or that a requirement of the Act was not complied with in relation to the Order.

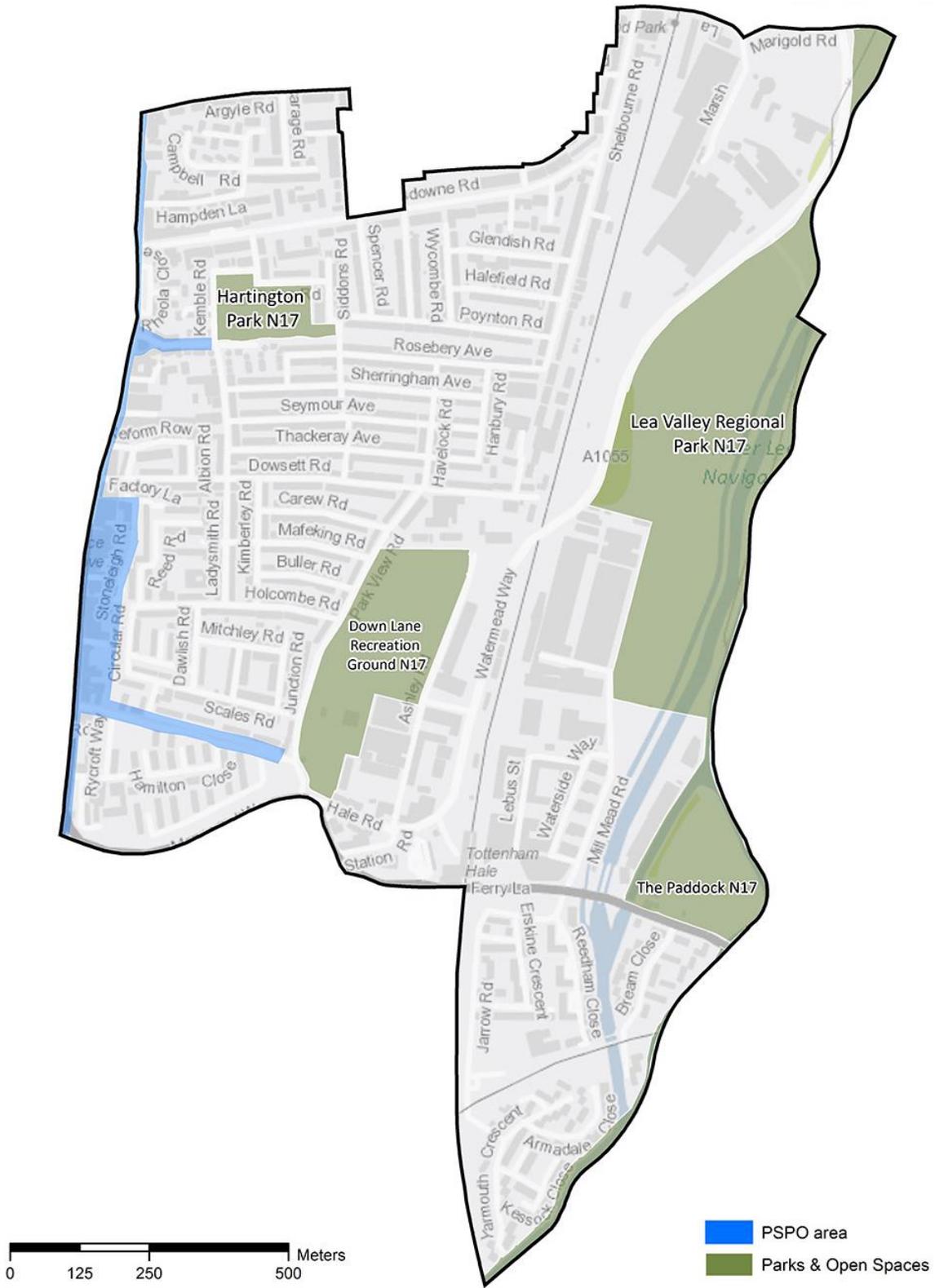
DATED:

The Common Seal of

London Borough of Haringey

Was affixed in the presence of

Authorised Officer



**LONDON BOROUGH OF HARINGEY
PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER – WOODSIDE WARD
PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR**

1. This Order may be cited as the **Woodside Ward Alcohol Control Public Spaces Protection Order**
2. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), the Council being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the activities set out in paragraph 5, in the location described in paragraph 4 of this Order and marked on the plan contained in the schedule to this Order have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality, or it is likely that activities will be carried out within that area and have such an effect. The Council is also satisfied that the effect, or likely effect, of the activities is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature and that these activities are unreasonable and justify the restrictions imposed by this Order and that it is in all circumstances expedient to make this Order for the purpose of reducing anti-social behaviour in a public place.
3. This Order came into force on the 20th October 2017 for three years, was extended on 20th October 2020 for a further three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
4. This Order applies to the public places being those parts of the Woodside Ward shown outlined on the plan contained in the schedule of this Order (Woodside Ward Public Space Protection Order).

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED ROADS

Berners Road

Gathorne Road

Hardy Passage

High Road, N22

Lordship Lane

Ranelagh Road

St Albans Crescent

Selborne Road

Stuart Crescent
Watsons Road
White Hart Lane, N22

Public Parks and Open Spaces Managed by Haringey Council

- Wood Green Common
- Wood Green Common Playground
- Stuart Crescent Park / Peace Park
- Civic Centre Gardens And Car Park
- Chapmans Green

5. The activities described below are hereby prohibited as from the date of this Order.
- (a) Consuming intoxicating liquor in a public place and acting in a manner that is causing or is likely to cause alarm harassment or distress
 - (b) Being in possession of an open vessel(s) of intoxicating liquor in a public place

S63 Consumption of alcohol in breach of prohibition in this Order

- (1) *This section applies where a Police Constable or Police Community Support Officer or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (a) is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a Public Spaces Protection Order, or (b) intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition. In this section “authorised person” means a person authorised for the purpose of this section by the local authority that made the Public Space Protection Order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1)).*
- (2) *The Police Constable or authorised person may require a person – (a) not to consume, in breach of the order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol (b) to surrender anything in a person’s possession which is, or which the Police Constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.*

- (3) *A Police Constable or authorise person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell the person that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.*
- (4) *A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person - (a) is asked by person to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.*
- (5) *A Police Constable or authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.*
6. A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) (a) or (b) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (currently £500), or a fixed penalty notice of £100.00.
7. An interested person may apply to the High Court to question the validity of this Order and an interested person means an individual who lives in the restricted area or who regularly works or visits that area. Any such interested person may apply to the High court within six weeks from the date on which this Order was made on the grounds that the Council did not have the power to make the Order or to include particular prohibitions or requirements imposed by the Order or that a requirement of the Act was not complied with in relation to the Order.

DATED:

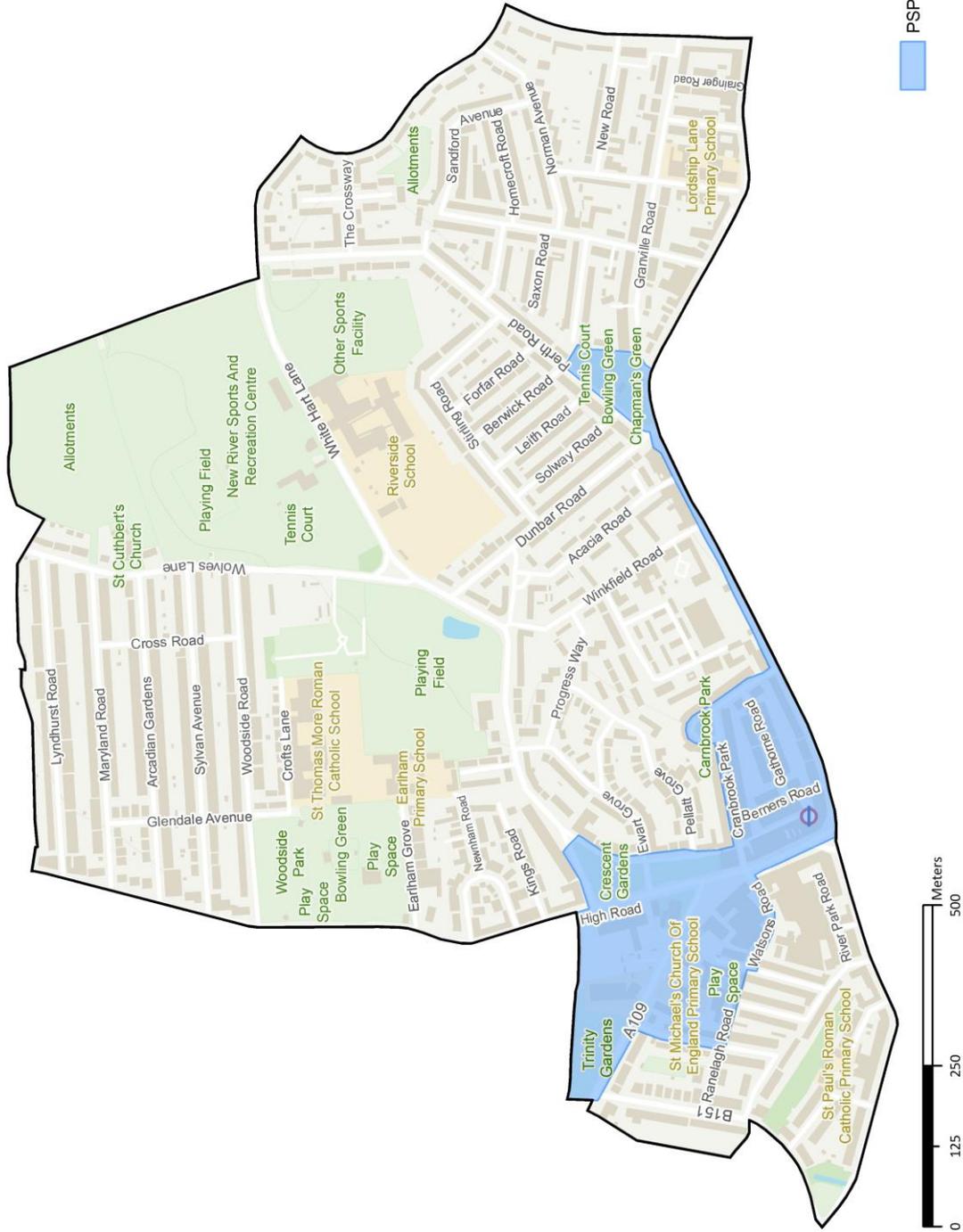
The Common Seal of

London Borough of Haringey

Was affixed in the presence of

Authorised Officer

Street Drinking – Public Spaces Protection Order – Woodside Ward



LONDON BOROUGH OF HARINGEY
PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER – WEST GREEN WARD
PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR

1. This Order may be cited as the **West Green Ward Alcohol Control Public Spaces Protection Order**
2. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), the Council being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the activities set out in paragraph 5, in the location described in paragraph 4 of this Order and marked on the plan contained in the schedule to this Order have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality, or it is likely that activities will be carried out within that area and have such an effect. The Council is also satisfied that the effect, or likely effect, of the activities is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature and that these activities are unreasonable and justify the restrictions imposed by this Order and that it is in all circumstances expedient to make this Order for the purpose of reducing anti-social behaviour in a public place.
3. This Order came into force on the 20th October 2017 for three years, was extended on 20th October 2020 for a further three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
4. This Order applies to the public places being those parts of the West Green Ward shown outlined on the plan contained in the schedule of this Order (West Green Ward Public Space Protection Order).

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED ROADS

Adams Road

Belmont Road

Downhills Park Road

Downhills Way

Freedom Road

Gloucester Road

Griffin Road

Keston Road

Langham Road

Lido Square

Moira Close

Somerset Close

Vincent Road

West Green Road

Willan Road

Public Rights of Way

- Footpath Connecting Two Footpaths from Frome Road and Mannock Road

Public Parks and Open Spaces Managed by Haringey Council

- Downhills Park

5. The activities described below are hereby prohibited as from the date of this Order.

- (a) Consuming intoxicating liquor in a public place and acting in a manner that is causing or is likely to cause alarm harassment or distress
- (b) Being in possession of an open vessel(s) of intoxicating liquor in a public place

S63 Consumption of alcohol in breach of prohibition in this Order

- (1) *This section applies where a Police Constable or Police Community Support Officer or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (a) is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a Public Spaces Protection Order, or (b) intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition. In this section “authorised person” means a person authorised for the purpose of this section by the local authority*

that made the Public Space Protection Order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1)).

(2) The Police Constable or authorised person may require a person – (a) not to consume, in breach of the order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol (b) to surrender anything in a person’s possession which is, or which the Police Constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.

(3) A Police Constable or authorise person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell the person that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.

(4) A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person - (a) is asked by person to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.

(5) A Police Constable or authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.

6. A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) (a) or (b) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (currently £500), or a fixed penalty notice of £100.00.

7. An interested person may apply to the High Court to question the validity of this Order and an interested person means an individual who lives in the restricted area or who regularly works or visits that area. Any such interested person may apply to the High court within six weeks from the date on which this Order was made on the grounds that the Council did not have the power to make the Order or to include particular prohibitions or requirements imposed by the Order or that a requirement of the Act was not complied with in relation to the Order.

DATED:

**LONDON BOROUGH OF HARINGEY
PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER – BRUCE GROVE
PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR**

1. This Order may be cited as the **Bruce Grove Alcohol Control Public Spaces Protection Order**
2. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), the Council being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the activities set out in paragraph 5, in the location described in paragraph 4 of this Order and marked on the plan contained in the schedule to this Order have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality, or it is likely that activities will be carried out within that area and have such an effect. The Council is also satisfied that the effect, or likely effect, of the activities is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature and that these activities are unreasonable and justify the restrictions imposed by this Order and that it is in all circumstances expedient to make this Order for the purpose of reducing anti-social behaviour in a public place.
3. This Order came into force on the 20th October 2017 for three years, was extended on 20th October 2020 for a further three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
4. This Order applies to the public places being those parts of the Bruce Grove Ward and Tottenham Central Ward areas shown outlined on the plan contained in the schedule of this Order (Bruce Grove Public Space Protection Order).

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED ROADS

Bruce Grove

Clacton Road

Forster Road

Howfield Place

Lordship Lane

Moorfield Road

Mount Pleasant Road

St Loy's Road

Sperling Road

Public Rights of Way

- Alleyway Beside St. Loy's Road

5. The activities described below are hereby prohibited as from the date of this Order.
- (a) Consuming intoxicating liquor in a public place and acting in a manner that is causing or is likely to cause alarm harassment or distress
 - (b) Being in possession of an open vessel(s) of intoxicating liquor in a public place

S63 Consumption of alcohol in breach of prohibition in this Order

- (1) *This section applies where a Police Constable or Police Community Support Officer or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (a) is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a Public Spaces Protection Order, or (b) intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition. In this section "authorised person" means a person authorised for the purpose of this section by the local authority that made the Public Space Protection Order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1)).*
- (2) *The Police Constable or authorised person may require a person – (a) not to consume, in breach of the order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol (b) to surrender anything in a person's possession which is, or which the Police Constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.*
- (3) *A Police Constable or authorise person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell the person that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.*

- (4) *A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person - (a) is asked by person to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.*
- (5) *A Police Constable or authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.*
6. A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) (a) or (b) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (currently £500), or a fixed penalty notice of £100.00.
7. An interested person may apply to the High Court to question the validity of this Order and an interested person means an individual who lives in the restricted area or who regularly works or visits that area. Any such interested person may apply to the High court within six weeks from the date on which this Order was made on the grounds that the Council did not have the power to make the Order or to include particular prohibitions or requirements imposed by the Order or that a requirement of the Act was not complied with in relation to the Order.

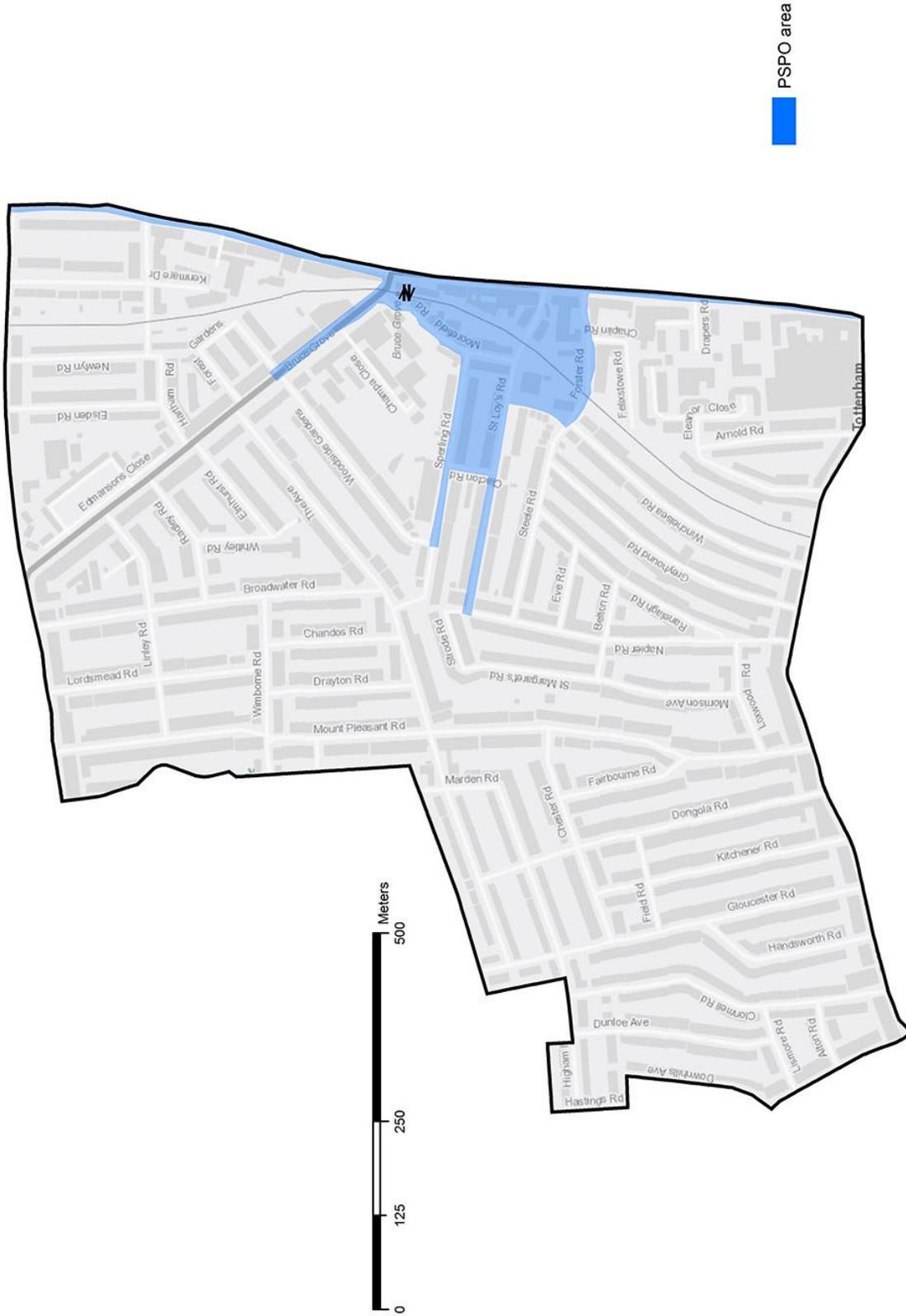
DATED:

The Common Seal of

London Borough of Haringey

Was affixed in the presence of

Authorised Officer



**LONDON BOROUGH OF HARINGEY
PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER – NORTHUMBERLAND PARK
PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR**

1. This Order may be cited as the **Northumberland Park Alcohol Control Public Spaces Protection Order**.
2. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), the Council being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the activities set out in paragraph 5, in the location described in paragraph 4 of this Order and marked on the plan contained in the schedule to this Order have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality, or it is likely that activities will be carried out within that area and have such an effect. The Council is also satisfied that the effect, or likely effect, of the activities is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature and that these activities are unreasonable and justify the restrictions imposed by this Order and that it is in all circumstances expedient to make this Order for the purpose of reducing anti-social behaviour in a public place.
3. This Order came into force on the 20th October 2017 for three years, was extended on 20th October 2020 for a further three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
4. This Order applies to the public places being those parts of the Northumberland Park Ward and Bruce Castle Ward areas shown outlined on the plan contained in the schedule of this Order (Northumberland Park Public Space Protection Order).

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED ROADS

Almond Road	Blaydon Close	Chapel Stones
Altair Close	Brantwood Road	Church Road
Anglia Close	Brereton Road	College Park Road
Argyle Passage	Bromley Road	College Road
Argyle Road	Bruce Castle Road	Commercial Road
Asplins Road	Brunswick Square	Commonwealth
Baronet Road	Cartmel Close	Road
Beaufoy Road	Castleford Close	Coniston Road
Bennetts Close	Cedar Road	Cooperage Close
Bill Nicholson Way	Cemetery Road	Denmark Street
Birkbeck Road	Halgrove Road	Durban Road

Eastwood Close	Morpeth Walk	Scotswood Walk
Farningham Road	Moselle Place	Sedge Road
Foyle Road	Moselle Street	Somerford Grove
Garman Road	The Moselle	St. Paul's Road
Gillham Terrace	New Road	Sutherland Road
Grange Road	Northumberland	Tariff Road
Grasmere Road	Grove	Tebworth Road
Gretton Road	Northumberland	Tenterden Road
Haynes Close	Park	Thornley Close
Headcorn Road	Nursery Court	Trulock Road
Hebden Terrace	Nursery Street	Vicarage Road
Heybourne Road	Offord Close	Waggon Lane
High Road N17	Orchard Place	Waverley Road
Ingleton Road	Park Avenue Road	West Road
James Place	Park Lane	Whitehall Street
King Street	Park Lane Close	William Street
Kings Road	Paxton Road	Willoughby Grove
Lancaster Close	Penshurst Road	Willoughby Lane
Leeside Road	Pretoria Road	Willoughby Park
The Lindales	Roebuck Close	Road
Love Lane	Romney Close	Worcester Avenue
Manor Road	Rothbury Walk	
Marigold Road	Ruskin Road	

Commercial Road (From The Junction of Pretoria Road to Meridian Walk)

Grange Road – Nos. 27-51 And 28-44

Ingleton Road Nos. 2-38 And 1-37

Lordship Lane Nos. 2-26 And 21 To 47

Pretoria Road Nos. 1-87

Queen Street Nos. 1-29 And (From Corner of White Hart Lane to The Three
Compasses Public House)

White Hart Lane Nos. 2-144 (From The Health Care Centre to No. 220)

Public Rights of Way

- Beaufoy Road To Penshurst Road N17
- Bennetts Close To Roebuck Close N17
- Nursery Street To Church Road N17
- Off Queens Street N17
- Ruskin Road To Kings Road N17
- Charles House N17 (Access Road)
- Ermine House N17 (Access Road)
- Moselle House N17 (Access Road)

- West Road To Willoughby Lane N17

Public Parks and Open Spaces Managed by Haringey Council

- Green Chain – River Lee
- Lee Valley Regional Park
- Play Area Near Gretton Road, N17
- Play Ground Near Viaduct, Church Road, St James Place And Kings Road, N17
- The Green, By Town Hall Approach and High Road, N17

5. The activities described below are hereby prohibited as from the date of this Order.
- (a) Consuming intoxicating liquor in a public place and acting in a manner that is causing or is likely to cause alarm harassment or distress
 - (b) Being in possession of an open vessel(s) of intoxicating liquor in a public place

S63 Consumption of alcohol in breach of prohibition in this Order

- (1) *This section applies where a Police Constable or Police Community Support Officer or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (a) is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a Public Spaces Protection Order, or (b) intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition. In this section “authorised person” means a person authorised for the purpose of this section by the local authority that made the Public Space Protection Order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1)).*
- (2) *The Police Constable or authorised person may require a person – (a) not to consume, in breach of the order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol (b) to surrender anything in a person’s possession which is, or which the Police Constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.*

- (3) *A Police Constable or authorised person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell the person that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.*
- (4) *A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person - (a) is asked by person to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.*
- (5) *A Police Constable or authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.*
6. A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) (a) or (b) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (currently £500), or a fixed penalty notice of £100.00.
7. An interested person may apply to the High Court to question the validity of this Order and an interested person means an individual who lives in the restricted area or who regularly works or visits that area. Any such interested person may apply to the High court within six weeks from the date on which this Order was made on the grounds that the Council did not have the power to make the Order or to include particular prohibitions or requirements imposed by the Order or that a requirement of the Act was not complied with in relation to the Order.

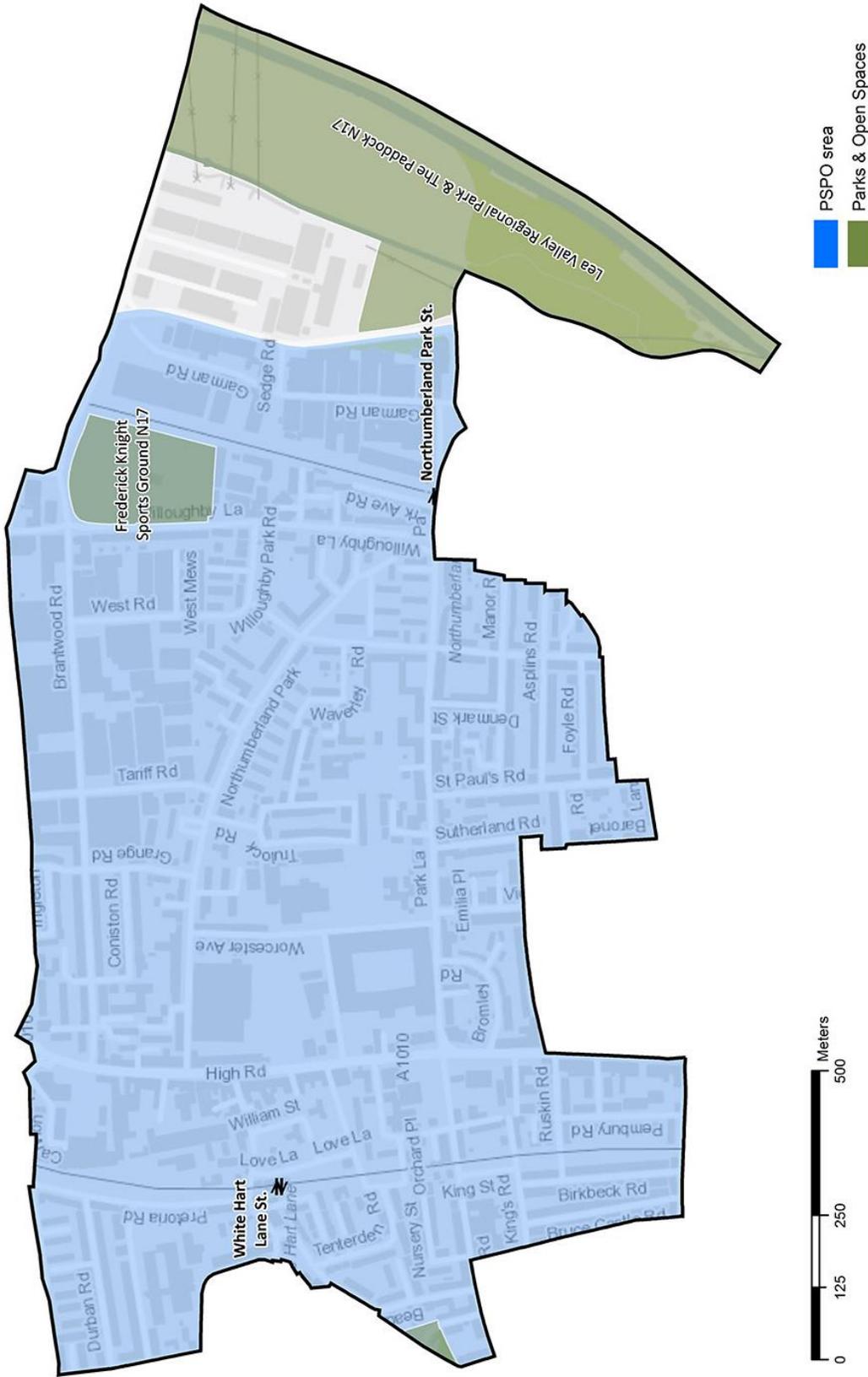
DATED:

The Common Seal of

London Borough of Haringey

Was affixed in the presence of

Authorised Officer



This page is intentionally left blank

**LONDON BOROUGH OF HARINGEY
PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER – SEVEN SISTERS
PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR**

1. This Order may be cited as the **Seven Sisters Alcohol Control Public Spaces Protection Order**
2. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), the Council being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the activities set out in paragraph 5, in the location described in paragraph 4 of this Order and marked on the plan contained in the schedule to this Order have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality, or it is likely that activities will be carried out within that area and have such an effect. The Council is also satisfied that the effect, or likely effect, of the activities is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature and that these activities are unreasonable and justify the restrictions imposed by this Order and that it is in all circumstances expedient to make this Order for the purpose of reducing anti-social behaviour in a public place.
3. This Order came into force on the 20th October 2017 for three years, was extended on 20th October 2020 for a further three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
4. This Order applies to the public places being those parts of the Seven Sisters Ward, South Tottenham Ward and Hermitage & Gardens Ward areas shown outlined on the plan contained in the schedule of this Order (Seven Sisters Public Space Protection Order).

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED ROADS

Albert Road	Castlewood Road	Ermine Road
Allan Barclay Close	Chisley Road	Fairview Road
Ashfield Road	Clifton Gardens	Ferndale Road
Barry Avenue	Craven Park Road	Finsbury Park Avenue
Beechfield Road	Crowland Road	Fladbury Road
Berkeley Road	Daleview Road	Franklin Street
Bushey Road	Eade Road	Frinton Road
Cadoxton Avenue	Eastbourne Road	Gladesmore Road
Candler Street	Elm Park Avenue	Grovelands Road

Hermitage Road
Heysham Road
Hillside Road
Holmdale Terrace
Howard Road
Langford Close
Latimer Road
Leabank View
Leadale Road
Lealand Road
Lemsford Close
Linkway
Lockmead Road
Manchester Road
Moreton Close
Moreton Road
Nethernton Road

Norfolk Avenue
Oakdale Road
Olinda Road
Osman Close
Overbury Road
Paignton Road
Perry Court
Plevna Crescent
Pulford Road
Remington Road
Richmond Road
Riverside Road
Rostrevor Avenue
Seven Sisters Road
Sherboro Road
St. John's Road
Surrey Gardens

Tavistock Road
Templeton Road
Tewkesbury Close
Tewkesbury Road
Thorpe Road
Tiverton Road
Urban Mews
Vale Grove
Vale Road
Vale Terrace
Vartry Road
Wargrave Avenue
Wellington Avenue
Westcott Close
Williamson Road
Wiltshire Gardens

Public Rights of Way

- Seven Sisters Road To Tewkesbury Road N15
- Accessway Serving 1-28, 31-61 Templeton Road N15

Public Parks and Open Spaces Managed by Haringey Council

- Tottenham Railsides
- Haringay Stadium Slopes
- Tottenham Railside
- Markfield Recreation Ground
- Manchester Gardens
- Paignton Park
- Seven Sisters Gardens

5. The activities described below are hereby prohibited as from the date of this Order.
- (a) Consuming intoxicating liquor in a public place and acting in a manner that is causing or is likely to cause alarm harassment or distress
 - (b) Being in possession of an open vessel(s) of intoxicating liquor in a public place

S63 Consumption of alcohol in breach of prohibition in this Order

- (1) *This section applies where a Police Constable or Police Community Support Officer or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (a) is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a Public Spaces Protection Order, or (b) intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition. In this section “authorised person” means a person authorised for the purpose of this section by the local authority that made the Public Space Protection Order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1)).*
 - (2) *The Police Constable or authorised person may require a person – (a) not to consume, in breach of the order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol (b) to surrender anything in a person’s possession which is, or which the Police Constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.*
 - (3) *A Police Constable or authorised person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell the person that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.*
 - (4) *A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person - (a) is asked by person to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.*
 - (5) *A Police Constable or authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.*
 6. A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) (a) or (b) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (currently £500), or a fixed penalty notice of £100.00.
 7. An interested person may apply to the High Court to question the validity of this Order and an interested person means an individual who lives in the restricted area or who regularly works or visits that area. Any such interested person may apply to the High court within six weeks from the date on which this Order was made on the grounds that the Council did not have the power to make the Order or to include
-

particular prohibitions or requirements imposed by the Order or that a requirement of the Act was not complied with in relation to the Order.

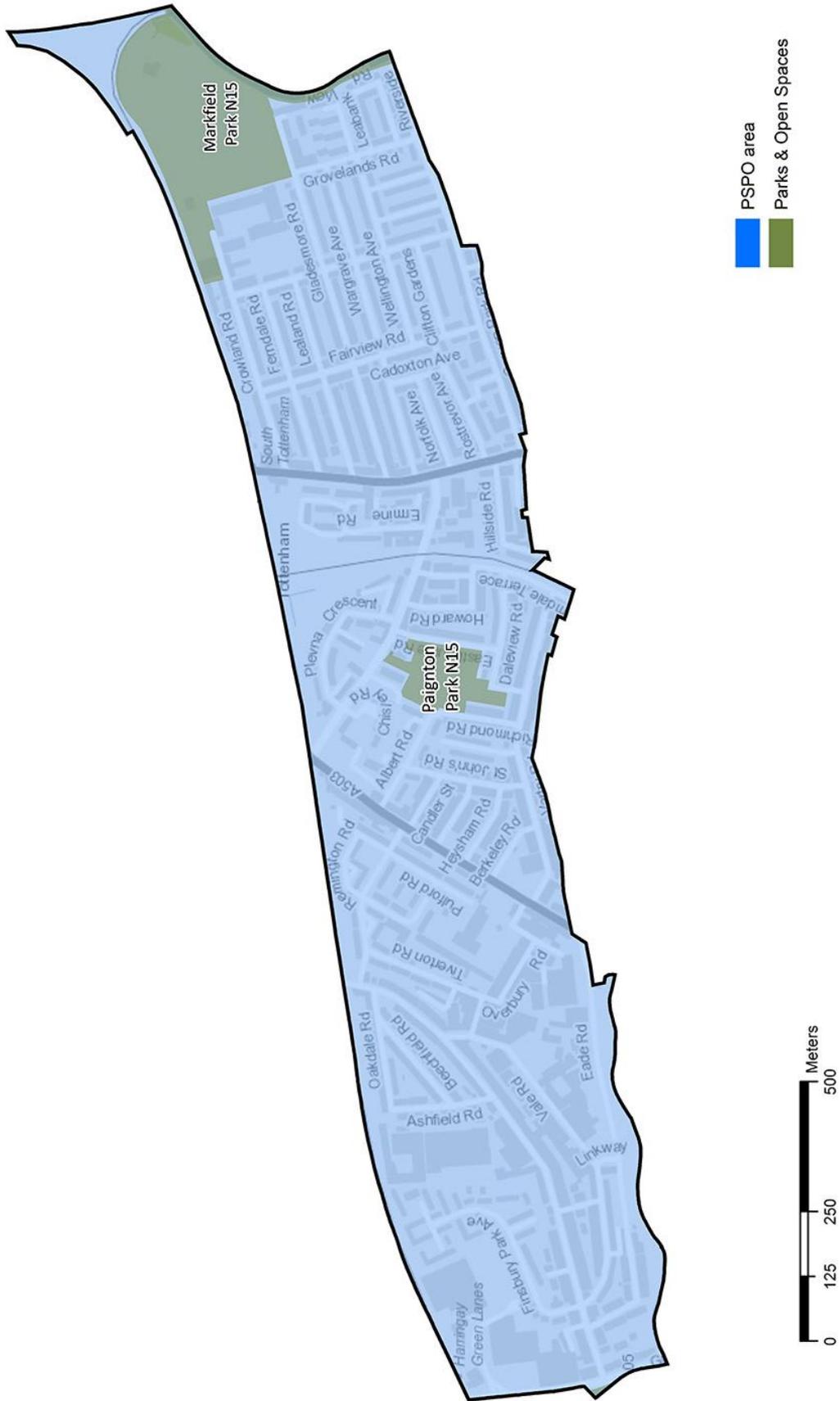
DATED:

The Common Seal of

London Borough of Haringey

Was affixed in the presence of

Authorised Officer



This page is intentionally left blank

**LONDON BOROUGH OF HARINGEY
PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER – ST ANN’S
PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR**

1. This Order may be cited as the **St Ann’s Alcohol Control Public Spaces Protection Order**
2. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), the Council being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the activities set out in paragraph 5, in the location described in paragraph 4 of this Order and marked on the plan contained in the schedule to this Order have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality, or it is likely that activities will be carried out within that area and have such an effect. The Council is also satisfied that the effect, or likely effect, of the activities is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature and that these activities are unreasonable and justify the restrictions imposed by this Order and that it is in all circumstances expedient to make this Order for the purpose of reducing anti-social behaviour in a public place.
3. This Order came into force on the 20th October 2017 for three years, was extended on 20th October 2020 for a further three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
4. This Order applies to the public places being those parts of the St Ann’s Ward and Seven Sisters Ward areas shown outlined on the plan contained in the schedule of this Order (St Ann’s Public Space Protection Order).

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED ROADS

Avenue Road	Grove Road
Braemar Road	Kerswell Road
Cissbury Road	Lydford Road
Culvert Road	Newsam Avenue
Durnford Street	Oulton Road
Edgecot Grove	Roslyn Road
Gourley Place	Russel Road
Gourley Street	South Grove

Victoria Crescent

Public Rights of Way

- Alleyway Between Victoria Crescent And Culvert Road

5. The activities described below are hereby prohibited as from the date of this Order.
- Consuming intoxicating liquor in a public place and acting in a manner that is causing or is likely to cause alarm harassment or distress
 - Being in possession of an open vessel(s) of intoxicating liquor in a public place

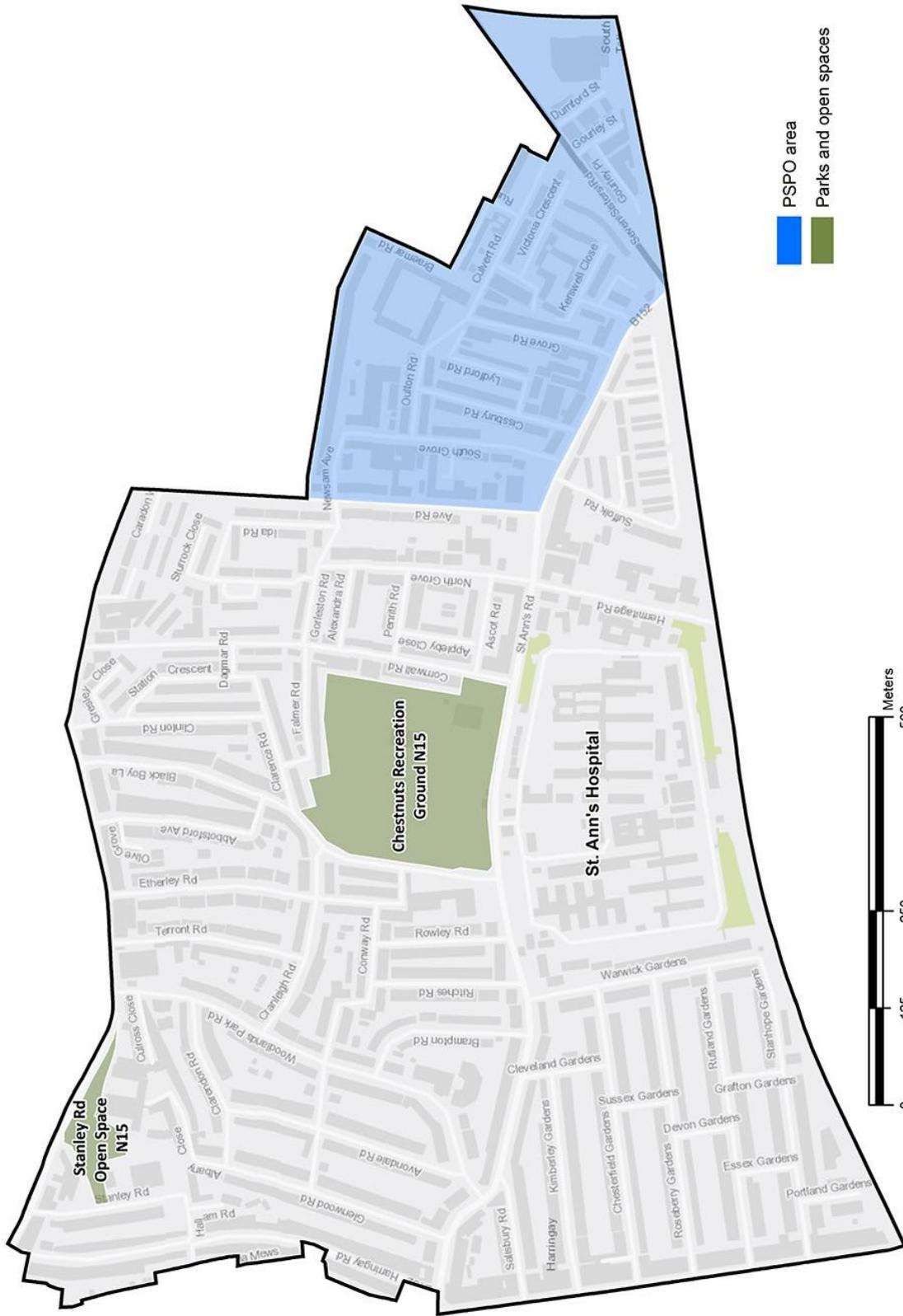
S63 Consumption of alcohol in breach of prohibition in this Order

- This section applies where a Police Constable or Police Community Support Officer or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (a) is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a Public Spaces Protection Order, or (b) intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition. In this section “authorised person” means a person authorised for the purpose of this section by the local authority that made the Public Space Protection Order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1).*
- The Police Constable or authorised person may require a person – (a) not to consume, in breach of the order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol (b) to surrender anything in a person’s possession which is, or which the Police Constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.*
- A Police Constable or authorise person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell the person that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.*
- A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person - (a) is asked by person to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.*

- (5) *A Police Constable or authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.*
6. A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) (a) or (b) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (currently £500), or a fixed penalty notice of £100.00.
7. An interested person may apply to the High Court to question the validity of this Order and an interested person means an individual who lives in the restricted area or who regularly works or visits that area. Any such interested person may apply to the High court within six weeks from the date on which this Order was made on the grounds that the Council did not have the power to make the Order or to include particular prohibitions or requirements imposed by the Order or that a requirement of the Act was not complied with in relation to the Order.

DATED:

The Common Seal of
London Borough of Haringey
Was affixed in the presence of
Authorised Officer



This page is intentionally left blank

**LONDON BOROUGH OF HARINGEY
PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER – TOTTENHAM GREEN
PUBLIC CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR**

1. This Order may be cited as the **Tottenham Green Alcohol Control Public Spaces Protection Order**
2. This order comes into force pursuant to section 75 (3) (a) of the of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (the Act), the Council being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the activities set out in paragraph 5, in the location described in paragraph 4 of this Order and marked on the plan contained in the schedule to this Order have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality, or it is likely that activities will be carried out within that area and have such an effect. The Council is also satisfied that the effect, or likely effect, of the activities is, or is likely to be, of a persistent or continuing nature and that these activities are unreasonable and justify the restrictions imposed by this Order and that it is in all circumstances expedient to make this Order for the purpose of reducing anti-social behaviour in a public place.
3. This Order came into force on the 20th October 2017 for three years, was extended on 20th October 2020 for a further three years and has been extended for a further 18 months. It will expire on 30th April 2025.
4. This Order applies to the public places being those parts of the South Tottenham Ward, Seven Sisters Ward and Tottenham Central Ward areas shown outlined on the plan contained in the schedule of this Order (Tottenham Green Public Space Protection Order).

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED ROADS

Antill Road	Brunel Walk	Cunningham Road
Ashby Road	Brunswick Road	Dorset Road
Ashmount Road	Cape Road	Earlsmead Road
Beaconsfield Road	Clyde Circus	Elizabeth Place
Bedford Road	Clyde Road	Elizabeth Road
Bernard Road	Colless Road	Elmar Road
Birstall Road	Collingwood Road	Fountayne Road
Bourn Avenue	Colsterworth Road	Greenfield Road
Braemar Road	Constable Crescent	Grove Park Road
Broad Lane	Copperfield Drive	Hale Gardens

The Hale	Norman Road	Stonebridge Road
Hanover Road	Page Green Road	Suffield Road
Harold Road	Page Green Terrace	Summerhill Road
Herbert Road	Pelham Road	Talbot Close
High Cross Road	Pembroke Road	Talbot Road
High Road N15	Philip Lane	Tenby Close
High Road N17	Portland Road	Tottenham Green
Houghton Road	Rangemoor Road	East
Jansons Road	Russell Road	Town Hall Approach
Kirkton Road	Saltram Close	Road
Lawrence Close	Seaford Road	Townsend Road
Lawrence Road	Shanklin Road	Turner Avenue
Lomond Close	Southey Road	Tynemouth Road
Loobert Road	Spondon Road,	Victoria Road
Mansfield Avenue	Springfield Road	Wakefield Road
Markfield Road	Spur Road	Walton Road
Montague Road	Stainby Road	Watts Close
Nelson Road	Stamford Close	Westerfield Road
Newton Road	Stamford Road	West Green Road

Public Rights of Way

- Berners Road To Norman Road N15
- Hale Gardens To Broad Lane N15/N17
- Hale Gardens To Montague Road N15/N17
- High Road Nos. 227-639, 212-636, 639-881 And 636-864
- High Road Service Road To Nos. 227-249 Part Of Gla Road N15
- Town Hall Approach Road To High Road N15
- Stainby Road To Montague Road N15
- Southey Road To Roslyn Road N15
- West Green Road To Turner Avenue N15
- Accessway Serving 1-23, 25-51 Turner Avenue N15

Public Parks and Open Spaces Managed by Haringey Council

- Tottenham Railsides
- Ecological Corridor
- West Green Memorial Garden
- Tottenham Green
- Page Green Common
- Tottenham Green East
- Tottenham Green N15

5. The activities described below are hereby prohibited as from the date of this Order.
- (a) Consuming intoxicating liquor in a public place and acting in a manner that is causing or is likely to cause alarm harassment or distress
 - (b) Being in possession of an open vessel(s) of intoxicating liquor in a public place
-

S63 Consumption of alcohol in breach of prohibition in this Order

- (1) This section applies where a Police Constable or Police Community Support Officer or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (a) is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a Public Spaces Protection Order, or (b) intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition. In this section “authorised person” means a person authorised for the purpose of this section by the local authority that made the Public Space Protection Order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1)).*
 - (2) The Police Constable or authorised person may require a person – (a) not to consume, in breach of the order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol (b) to surrender anything in a person’s possession which is, or which the Police Constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.*
 - (3) A Police Constable or authorised person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell the person that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.*
 - (4) A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person - (a) is asked by person to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.*
 - (5) A Police Constable or authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.*
 6. A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) (a) or (b) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale (currently £500), or a fixed penalty notice of £100.00.
 7. An interested person may apply to the High Court to question the validity of this Order and an interested person means an individual who lives in the restricted area
-

or who regularly works or visits that area. Any such interested person may apply to the High court within six weeks from the date on which this Order was made on the grounds that the Council did not have the power to make the Order or to include particular prohibitions or requirements imposed by the Order or that a requirement of the Act was not complied with in relation to the Order.

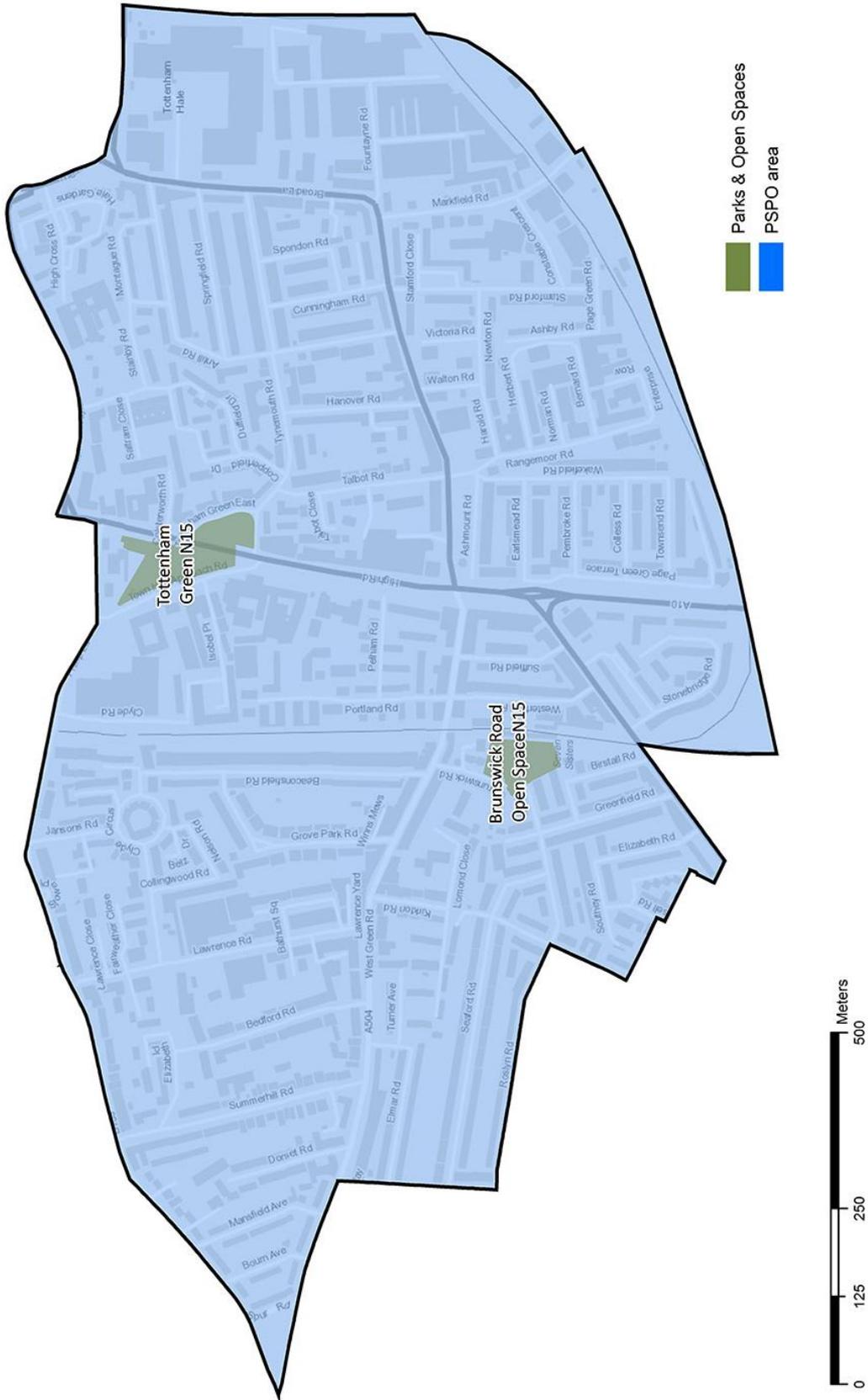
DATED:

The Common Seal of

London Borough of Haringey

Was affixed in the presence of

Authorised Officer



This page is intentionally left blank